

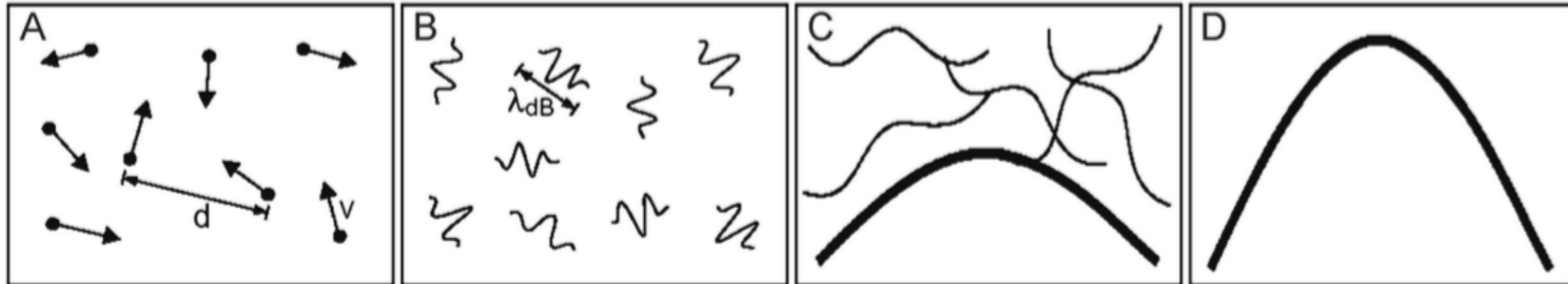
# Lasersko hlajenje cezijevih atomov

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Mentor: doc. dr. Rok Žitko  
Somentor: dr. Peter Jeglič

Ljubljana, 2016

# Bose-Einsteinov kondenzat

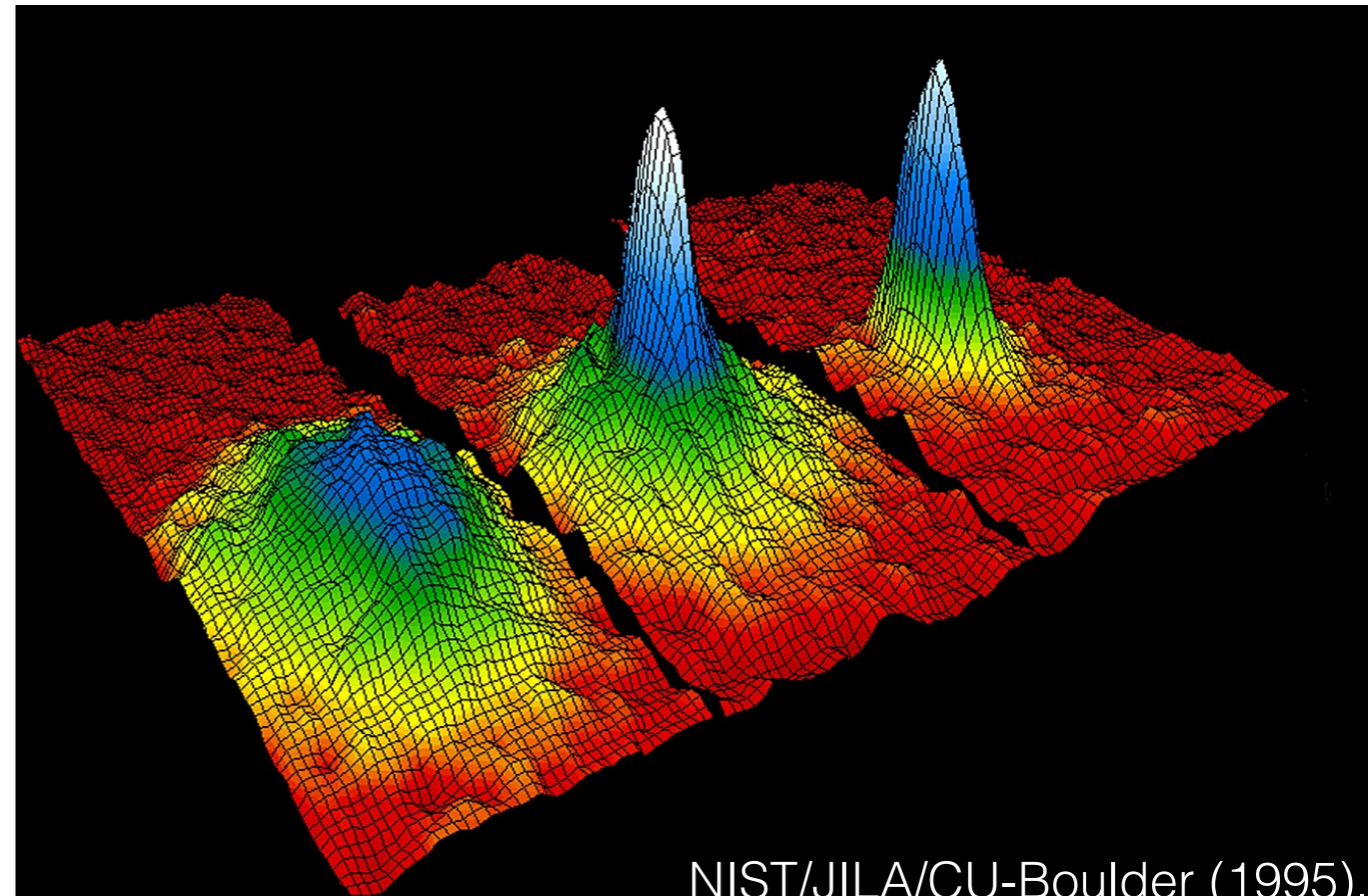


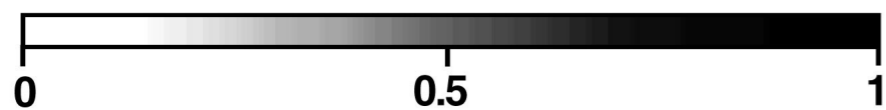
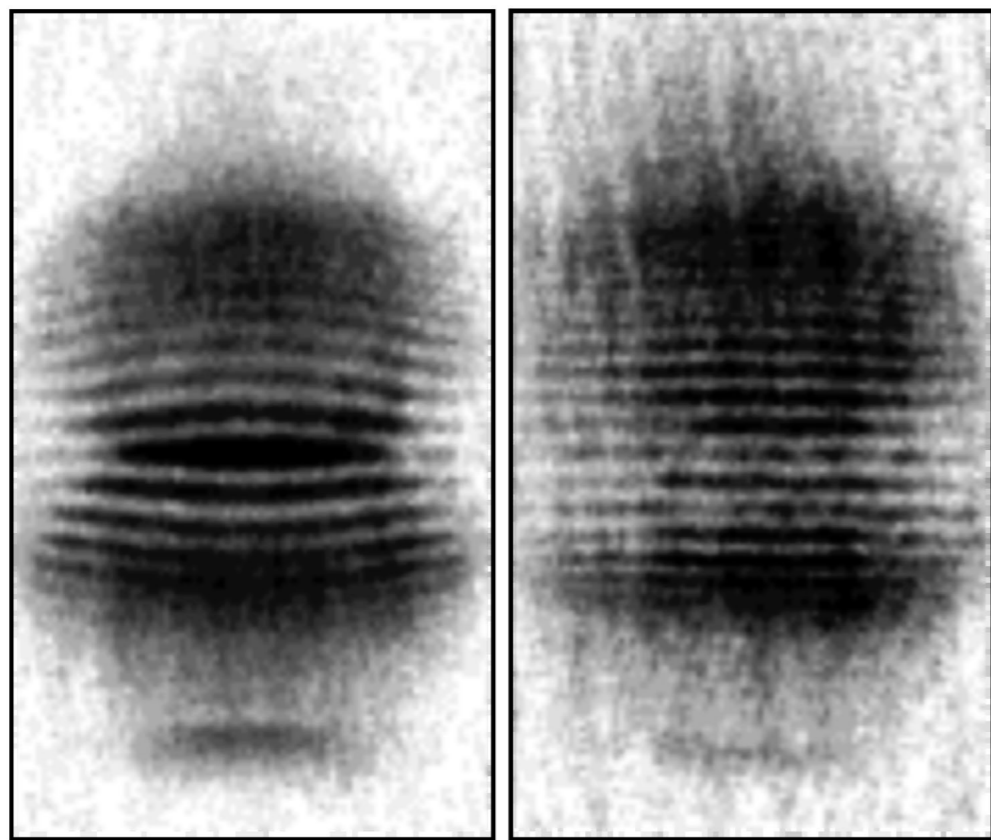
De Brogliejeva valovna dolžina:

$$\lambda_{dB} = \frac{h}{\sqrt{2\pi m k_b T}}$$

Faznoprostorska gostota:

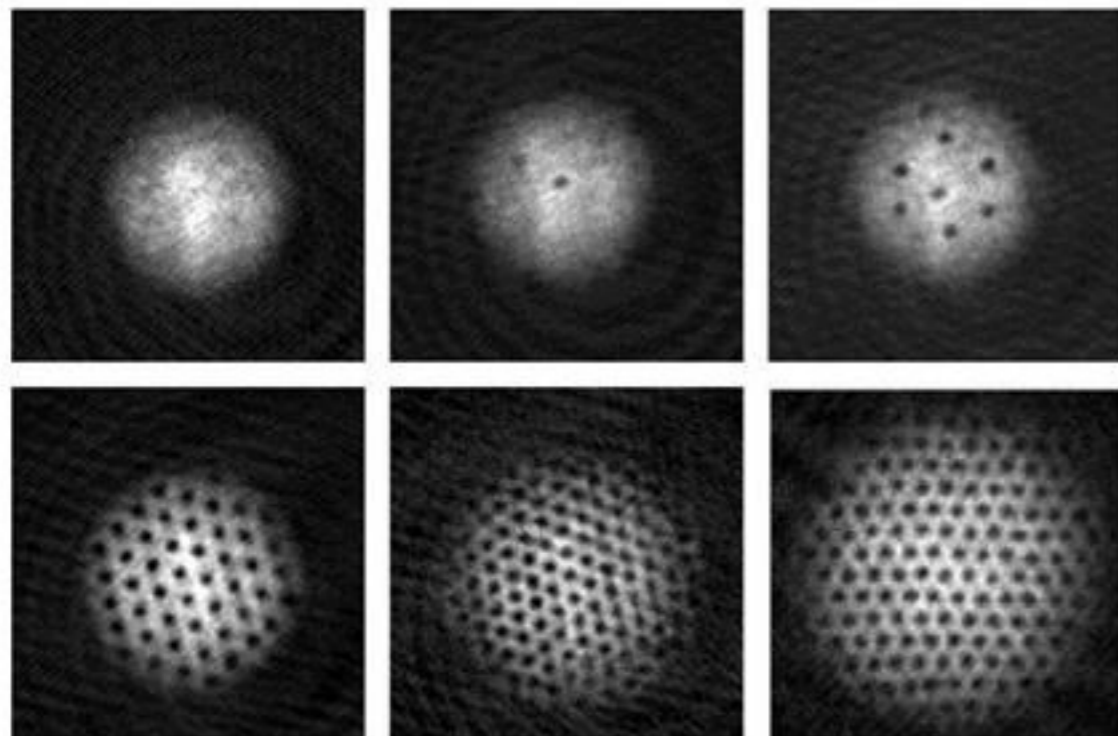
$$D = n\lambda_{dB}^3 \quad D \approx 2,6$$



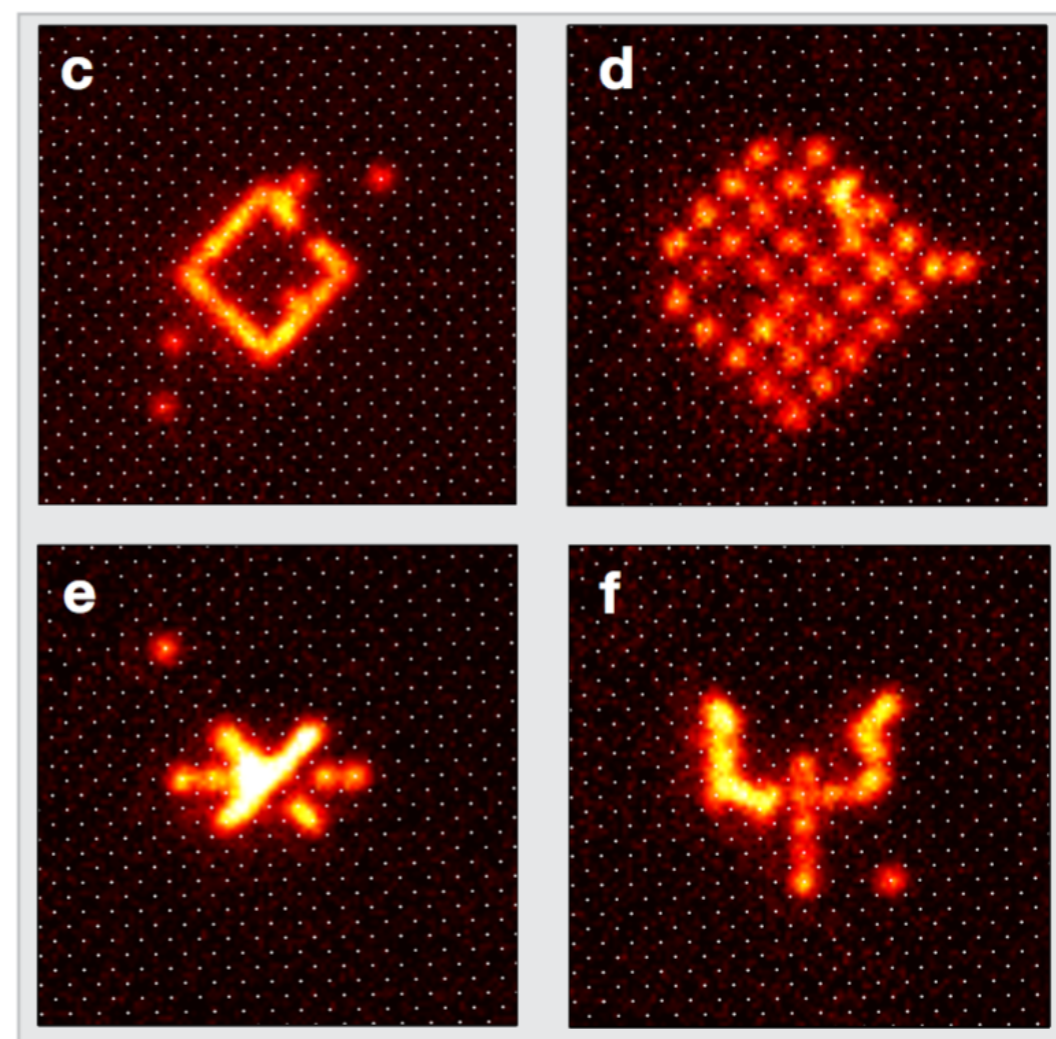
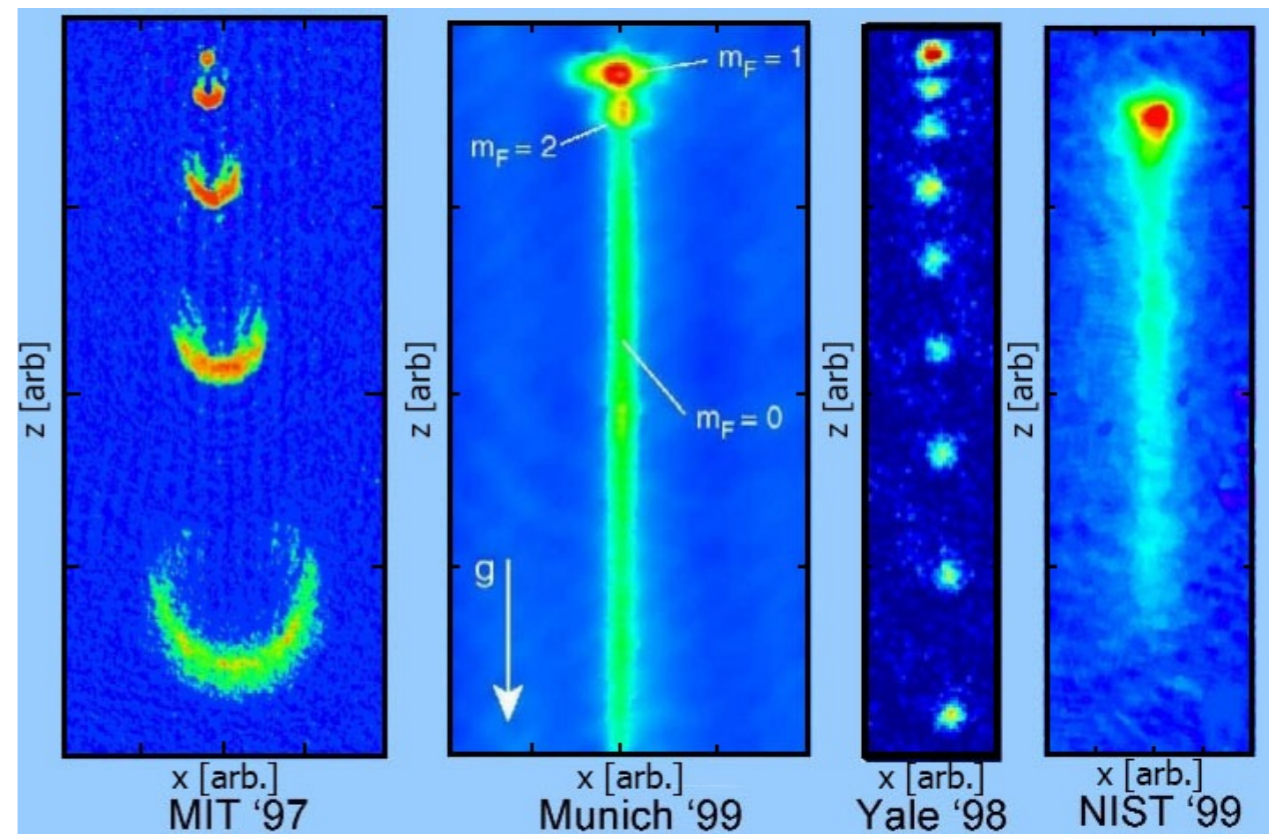


Absorpcija

M. R. Andrews *et al.*, Science **275**, 637 (1997).



P. Engels *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **90**, 170405 (2003).



C. Weitenberg *et al.*, Nature **471**, 319 (2011).

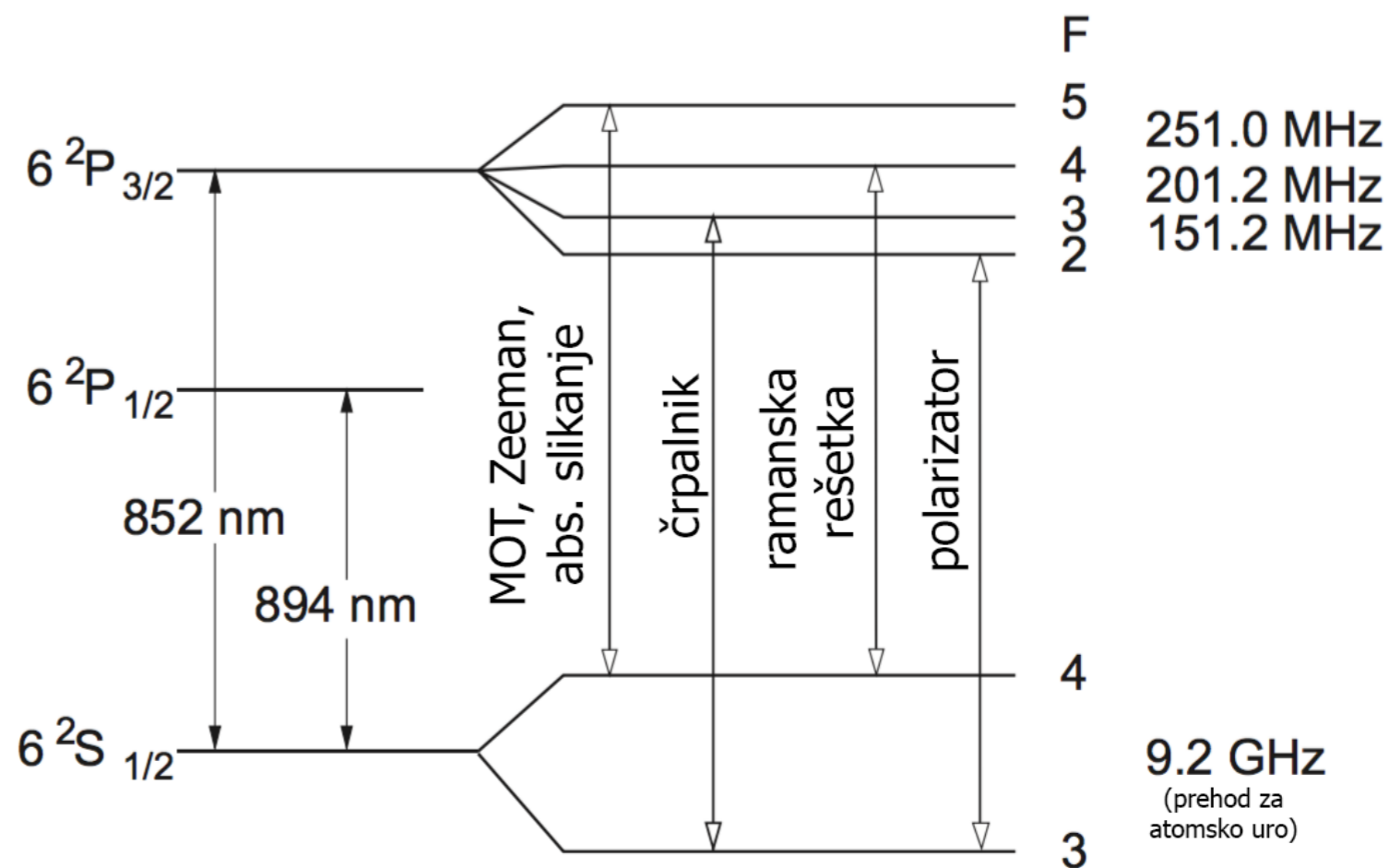
# Cezijev atom

$^{133}\text{Cs}$  :

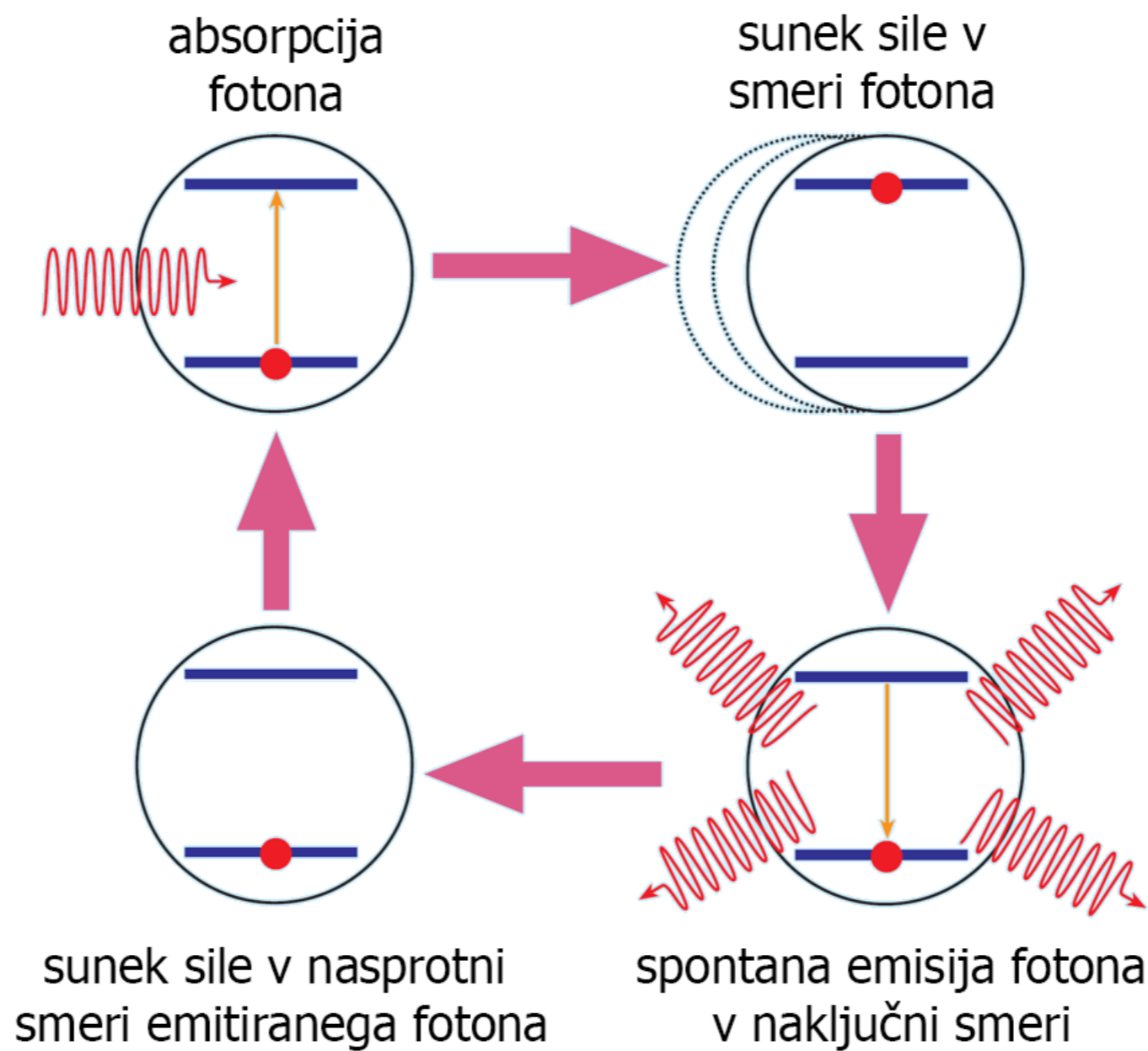
$$m = 2,21 \cdot 10^{-25} \text{ kg}$$

$$T_{tal} = 28 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$$

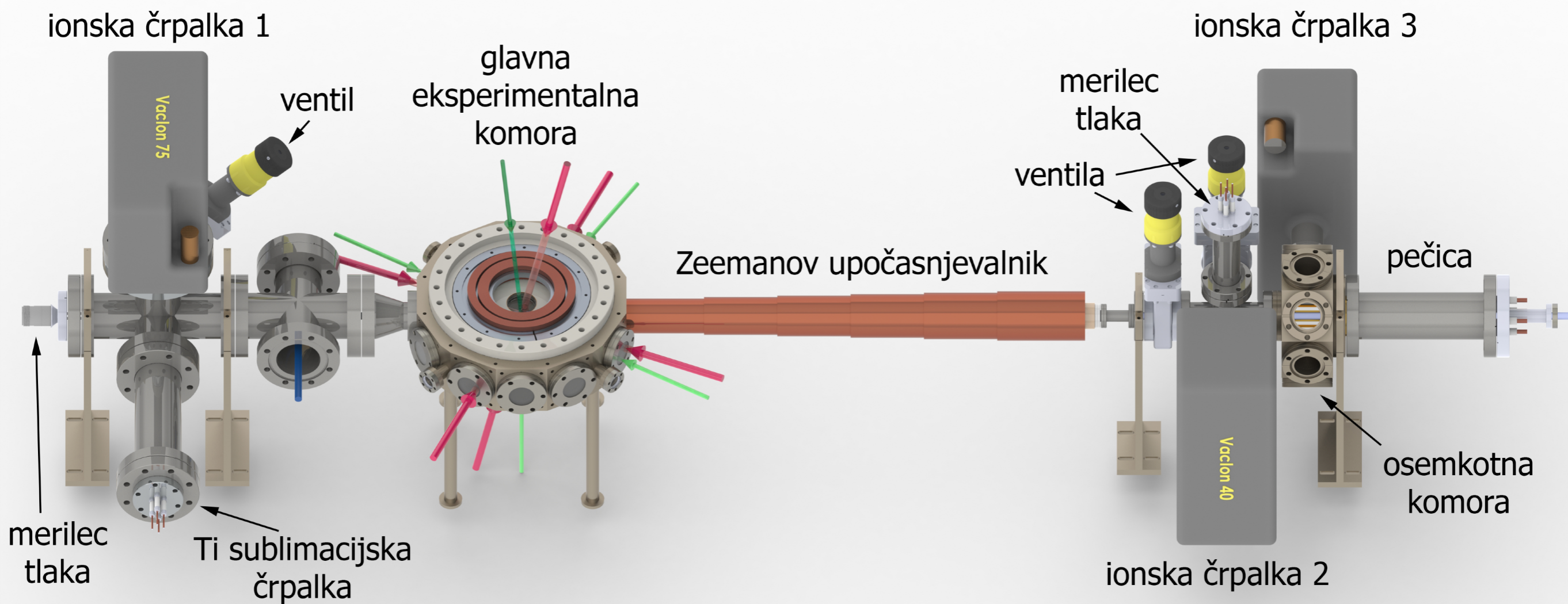
$$T_{rec} = 198 \text{ nK}$$



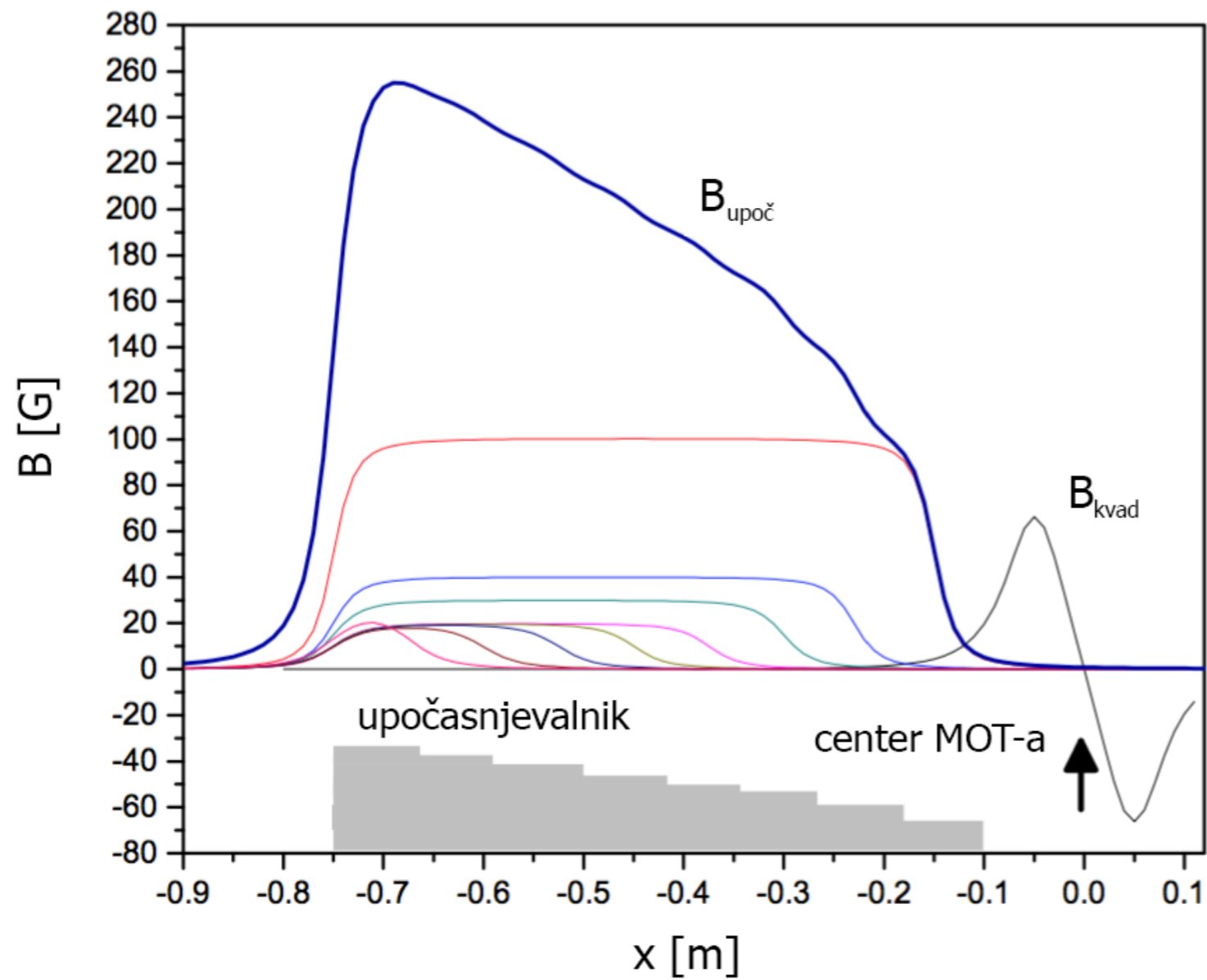
# Lasersko hlajenje



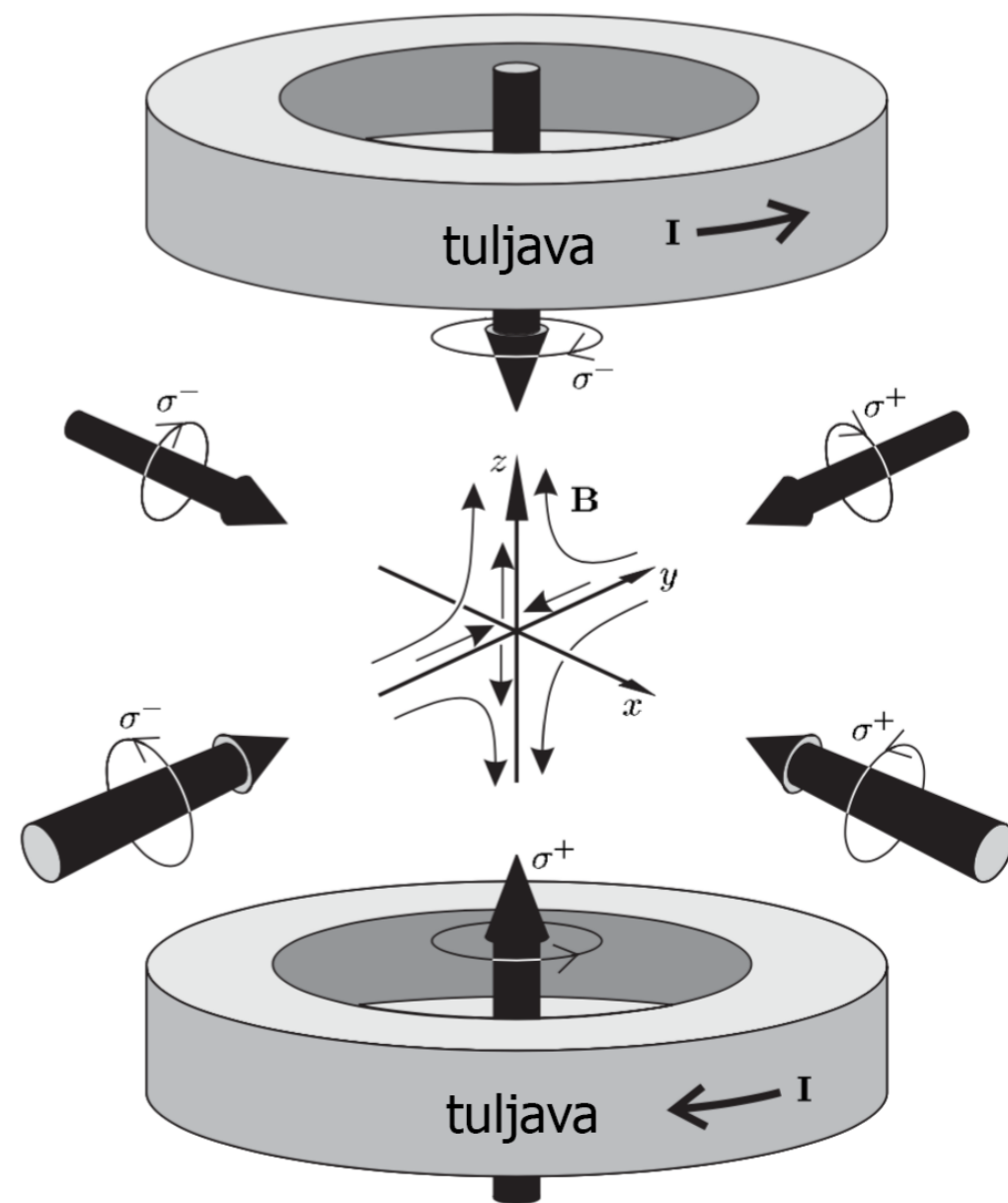
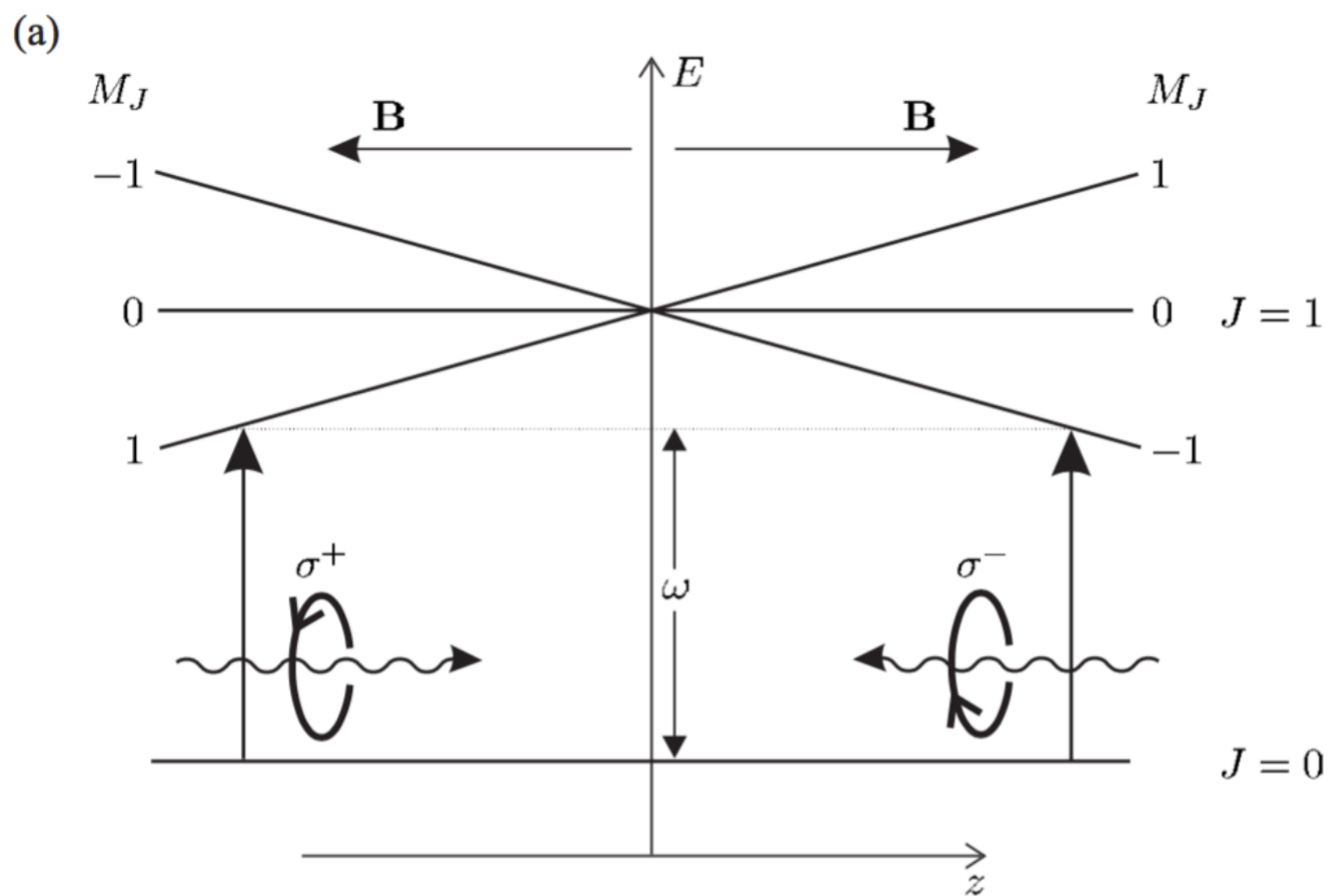
# Lasersko hlajenje



# Zeemanov upočasnjevalnik

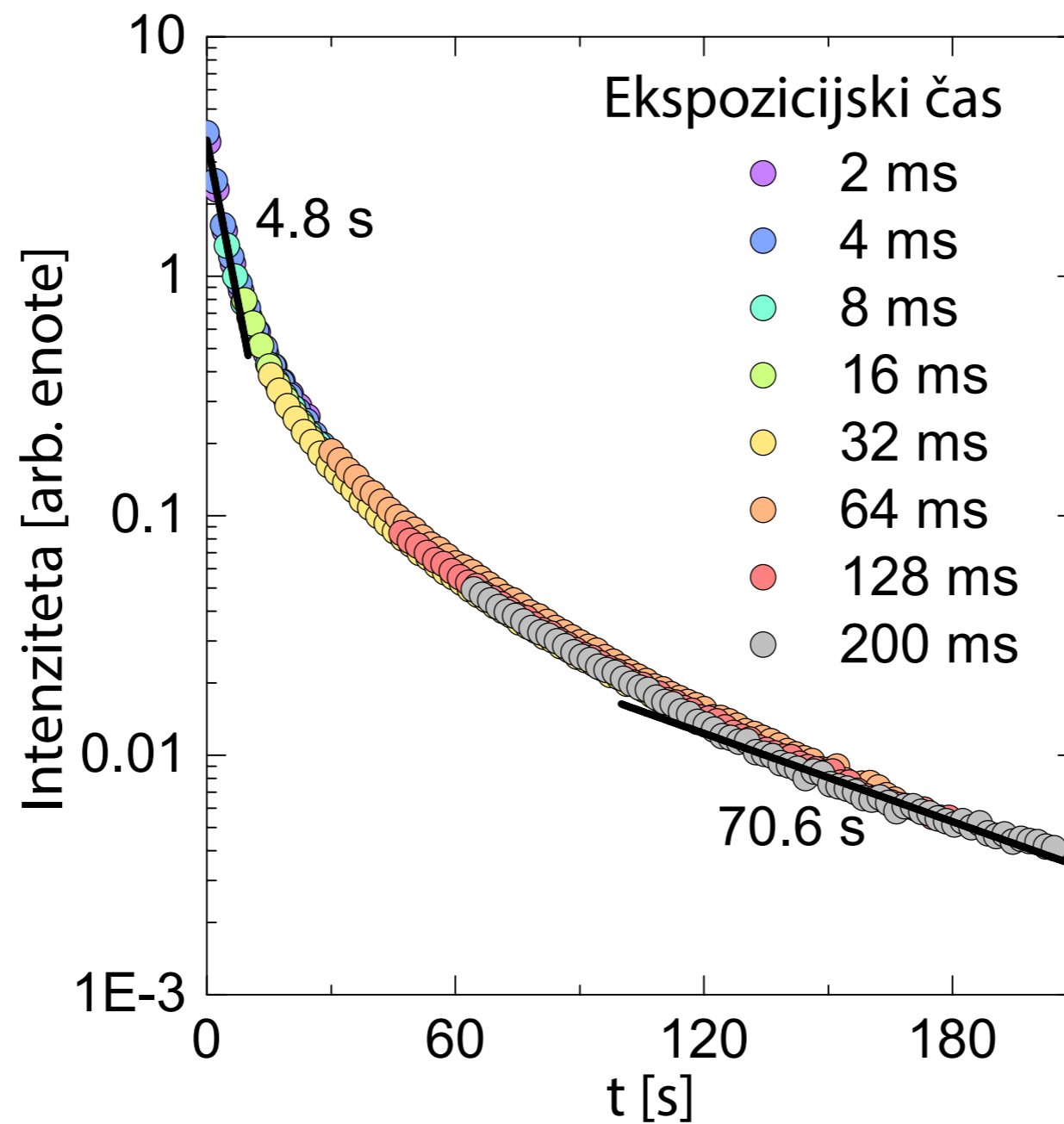


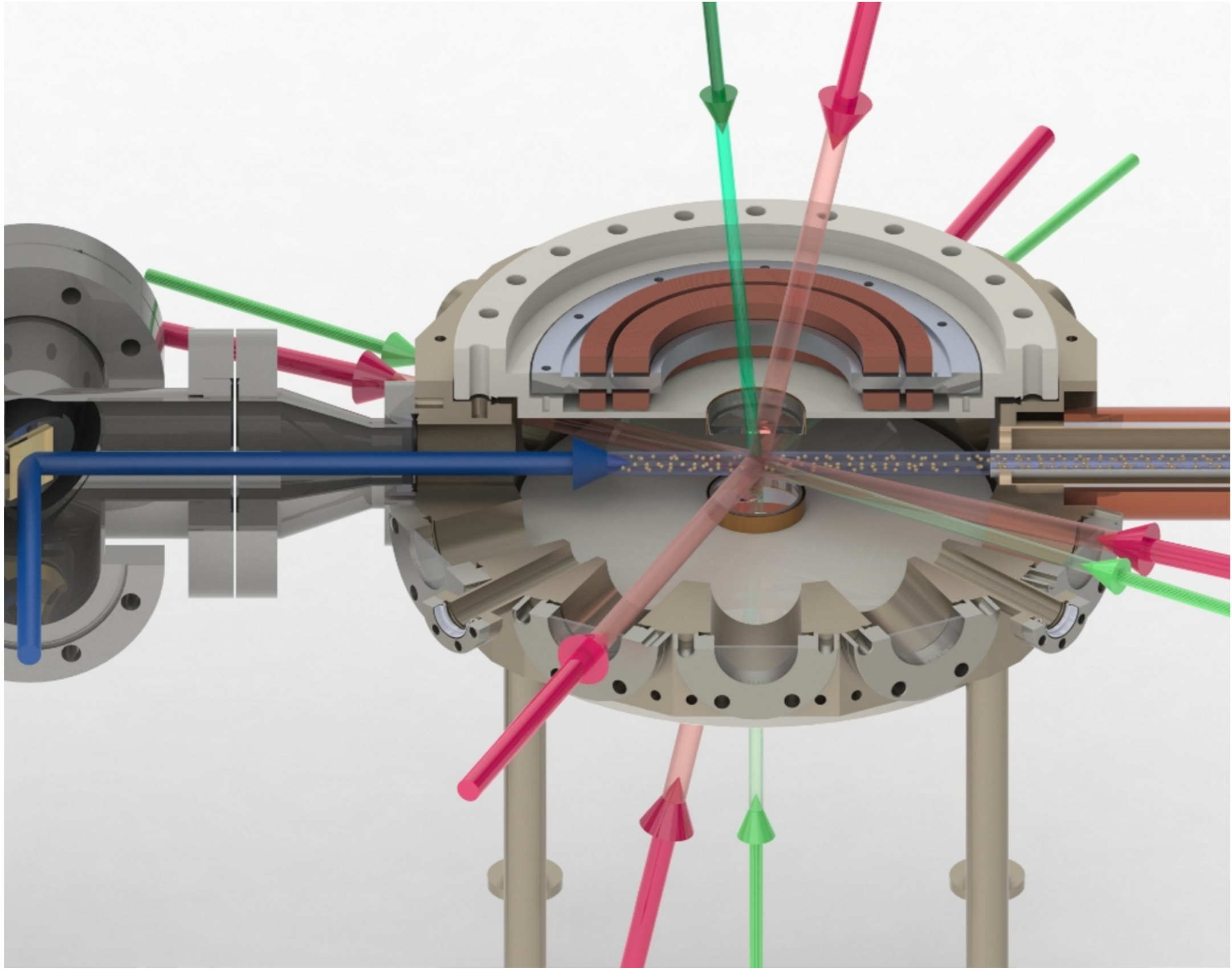
# Magneto-optična past



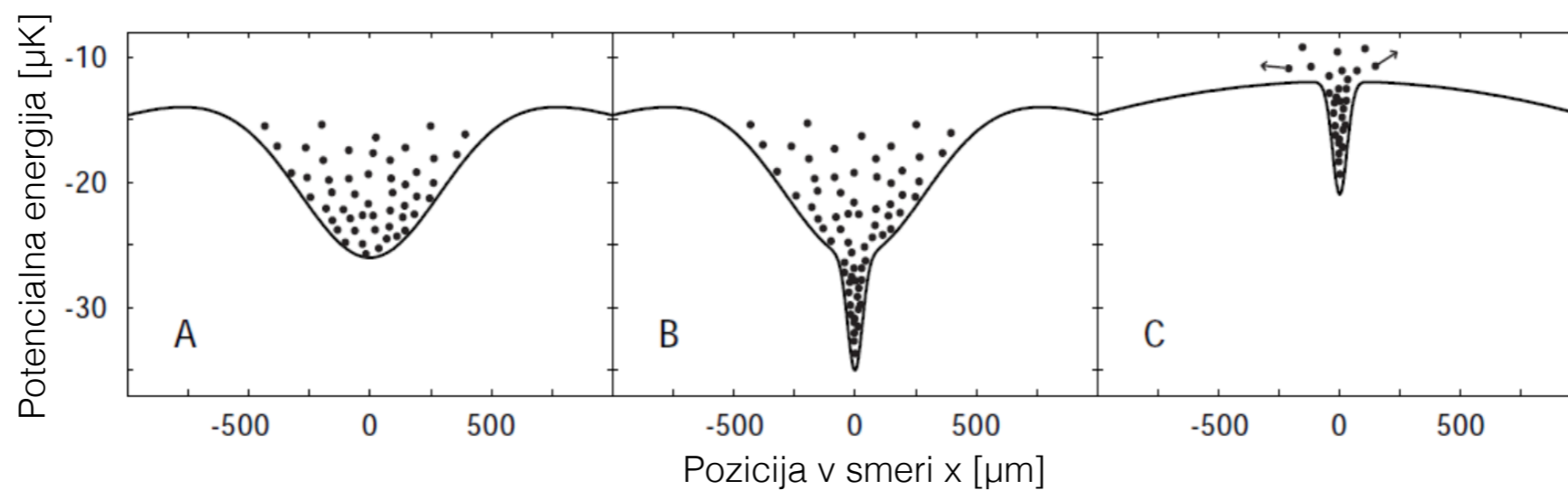
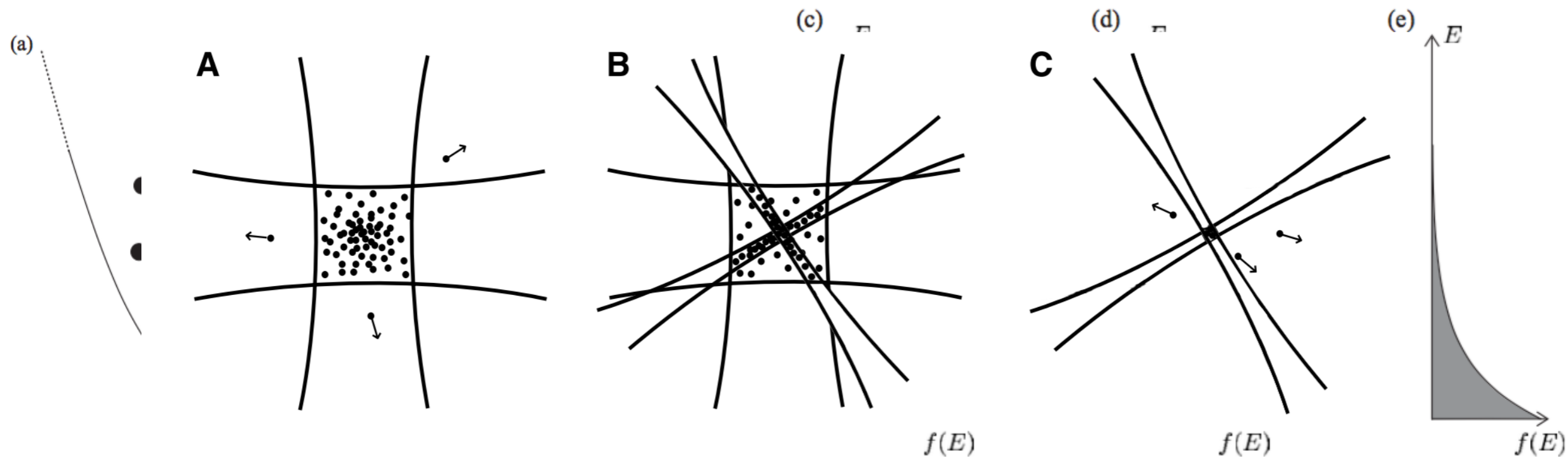


# Magneto-optična past

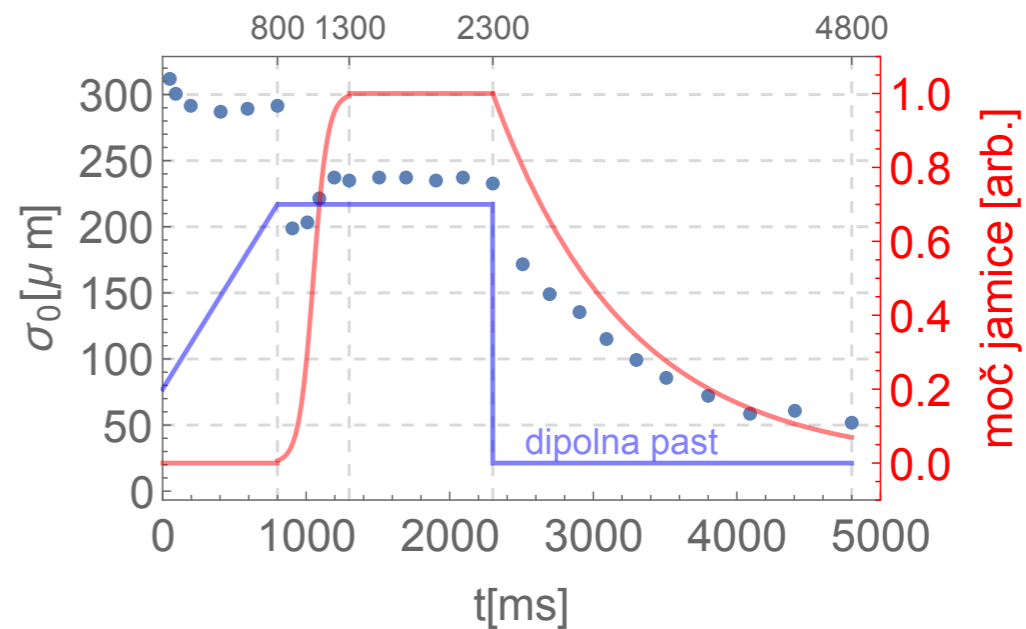
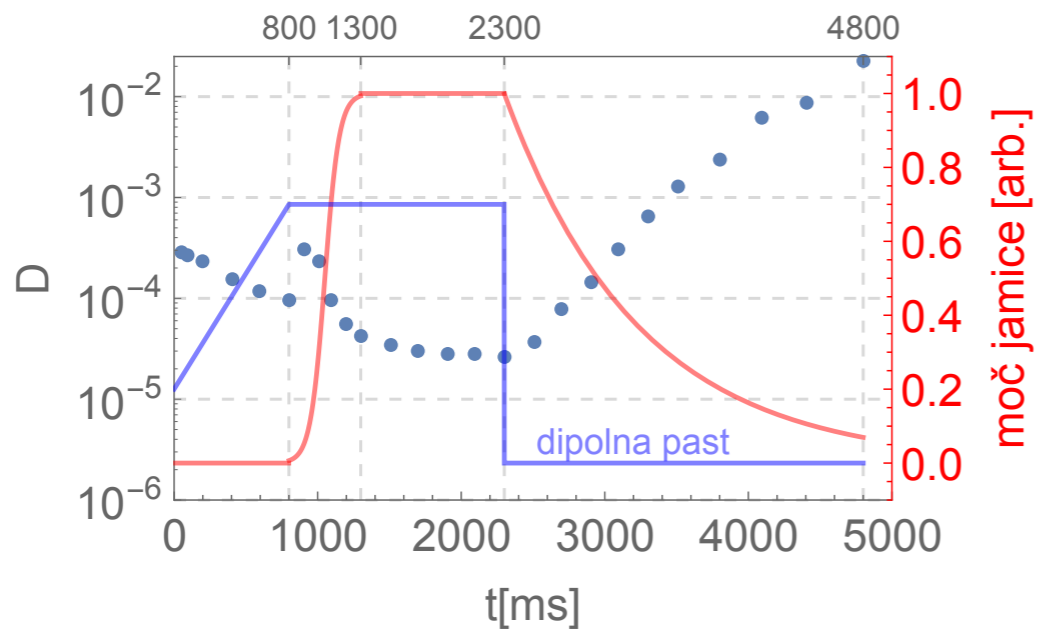
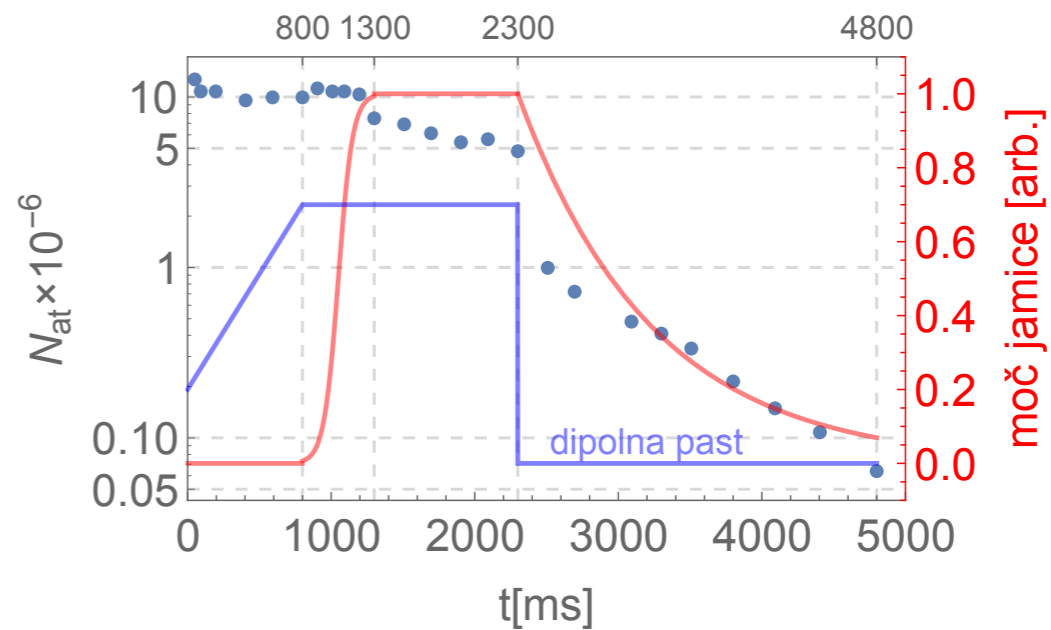
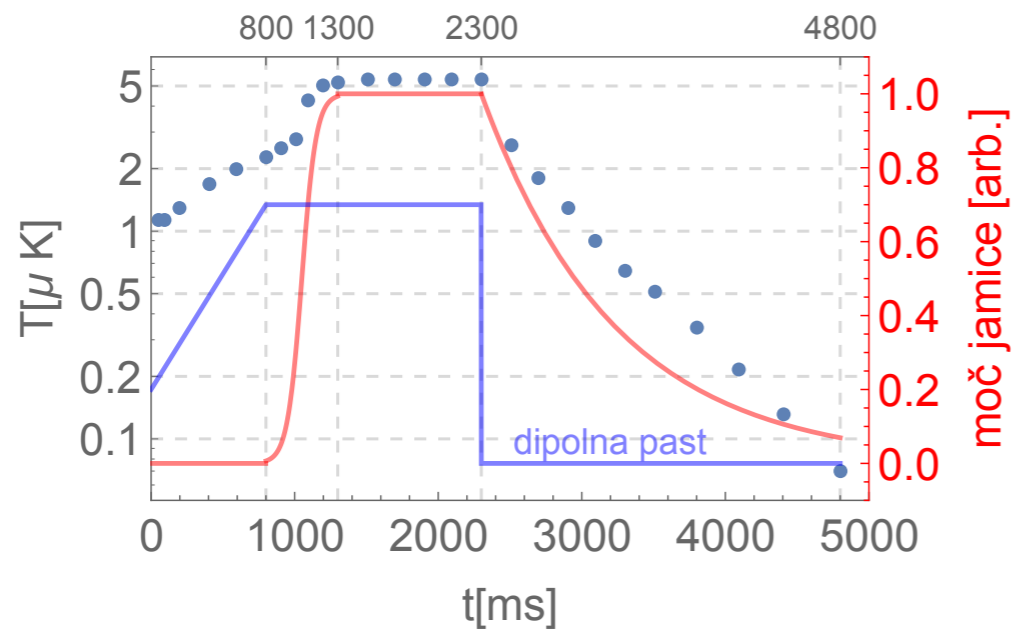




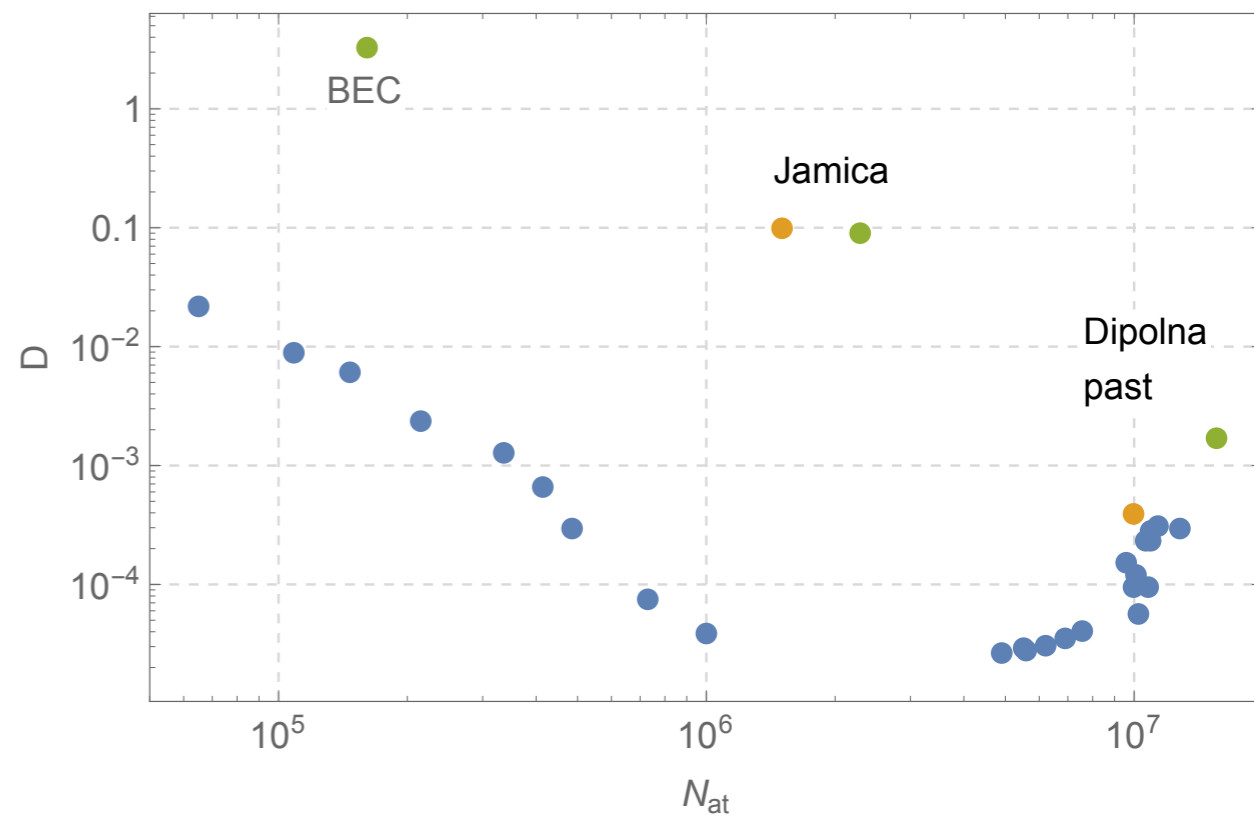
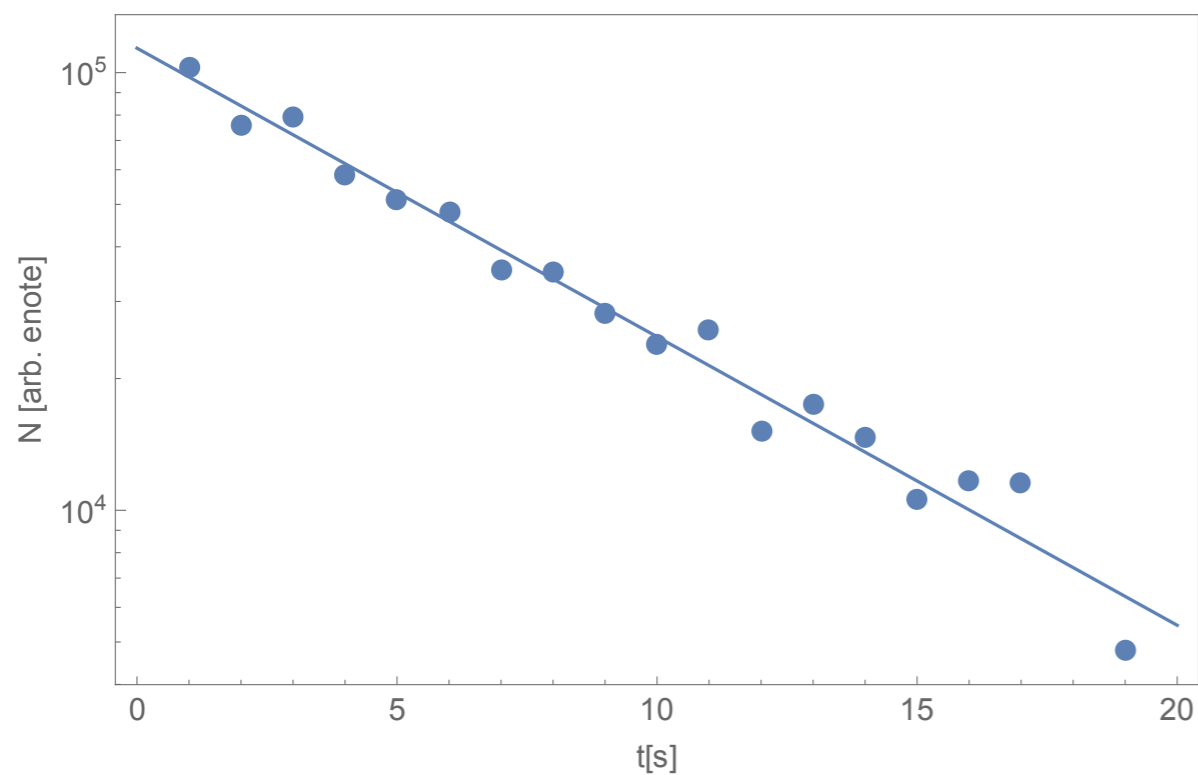
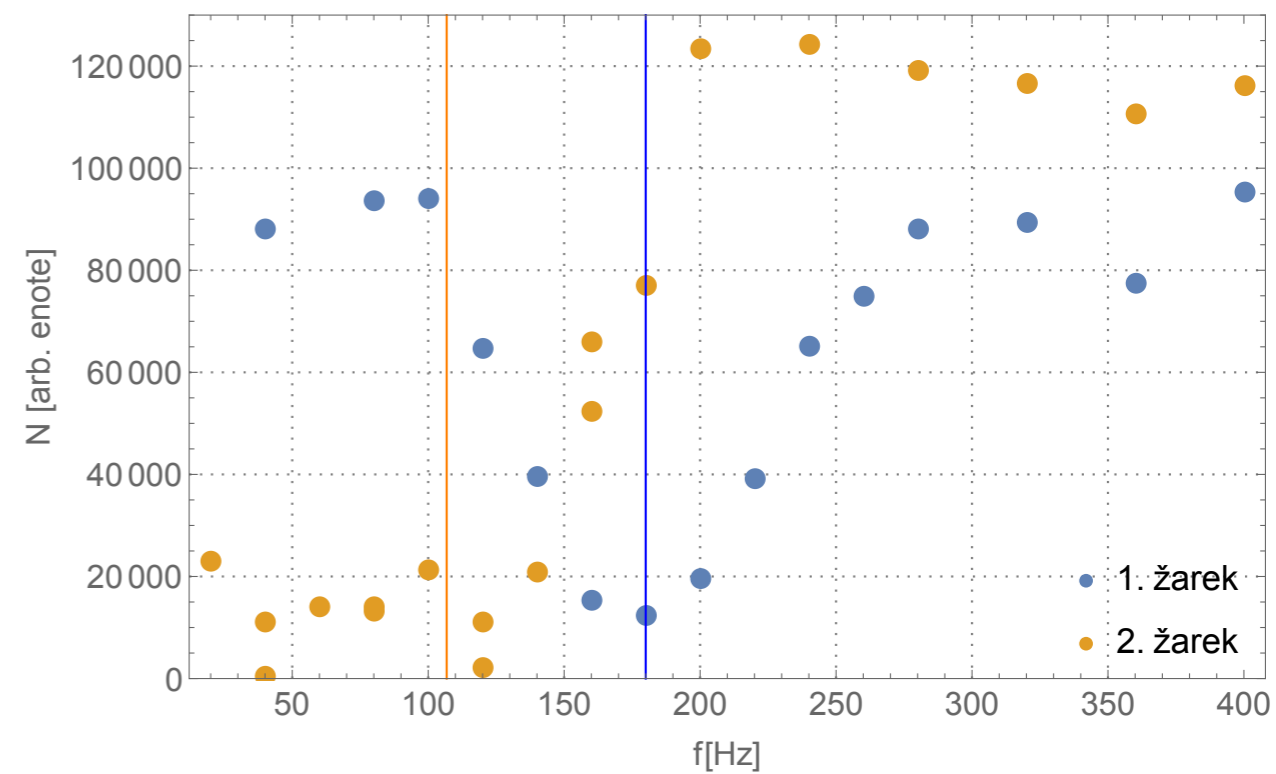
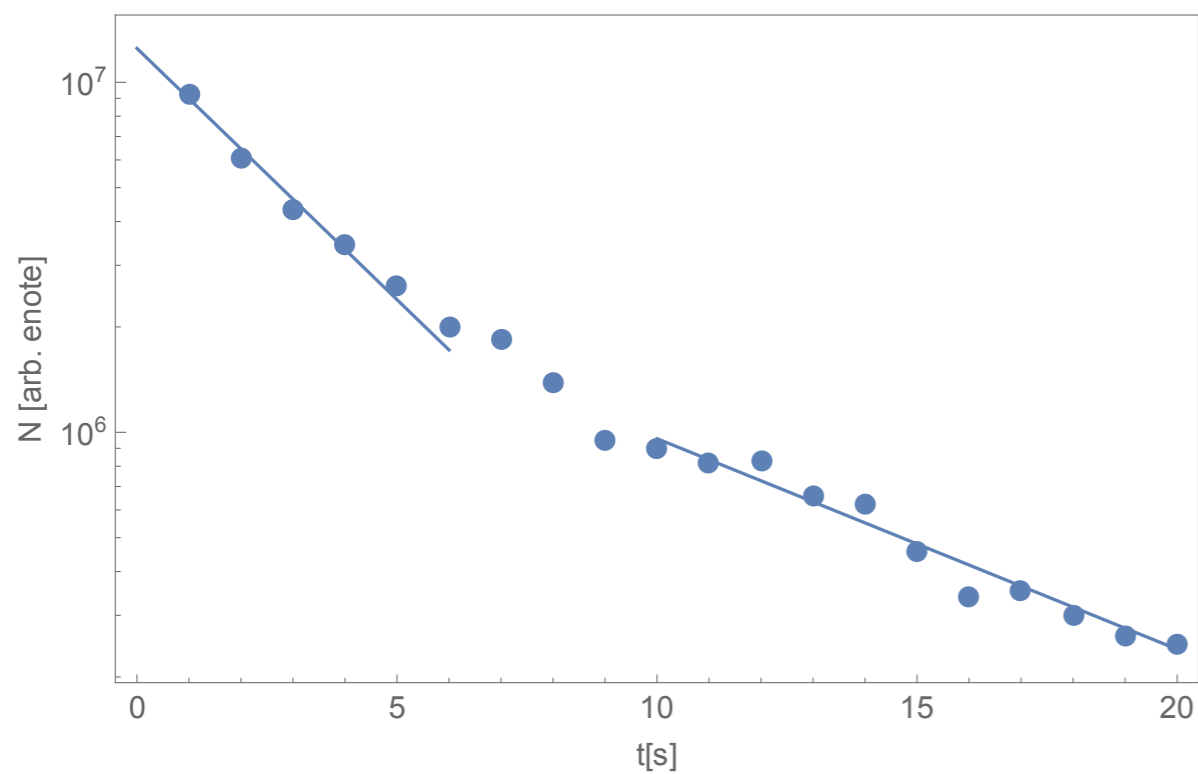
# Evaporacijsko hlajenje

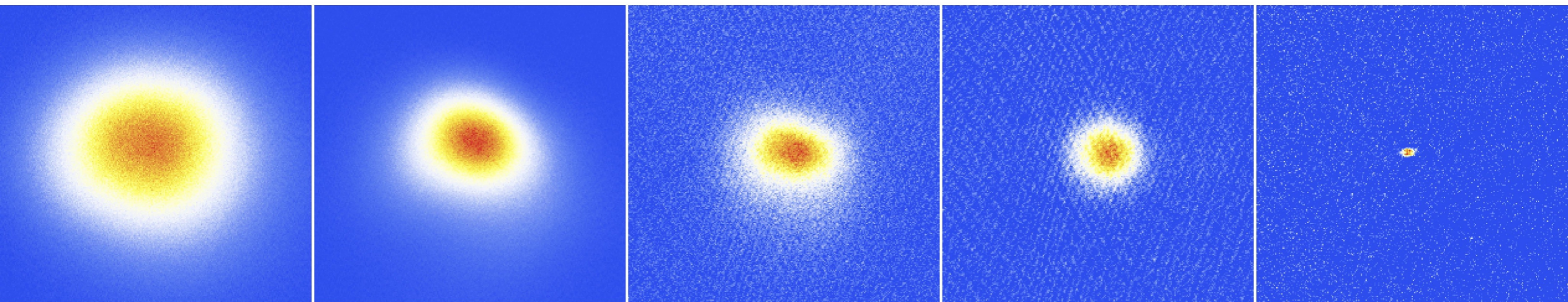


Weber *et al.*, Science **299**, 232 (2003).



# Izgube iz dipolne pasti in jamice





	Temperatura	Hitrost	Št. atomov	Fazno- prostorska gostota
Pečica	360 K	$212 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$	/	/
Zeemanov upočasnjevalnik	3 K	$19 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$	/	/
MOT	$20 \mu\text{K}$	$5 \frac{\text{cm}}{\text{s}}$	$3 \cdot 10^7$	$\approx 10^{-8}$
CMOT (optična melasa)	$5 \mu\text{K}$	$2,5 \frac{\text{cm}}{\text{s}}$	$1 \cdot 10^7$	$\approx 10^{-7}$
Degenerirano ramansko hlajenje	500 nK	$7,9 \frac{\text{mm}}{\text{s}}$	$2 \cdot 10^6$	$\approx 10^{-5}$
Dipolna past	$1 \mu\text{K}$	$11 \frac{\text{mm}}{\text{s}}$	$1 \cdot 10^6$	$\approx 10^{-4}$
Mala dipolna past (jamica)	$3 \mu\text{K}$	$19 \frac{\text{mm}}{\text{s}}$	$1 \cdot 10^5$	$\approx 10^{-4}$
Evaporacija	20 nK	$1,6 \frac{\text{mm}}{\text{s}}$	$1 \cdot 10^4$	$\approx 10^{-1}$

# Skupina za hladne atome

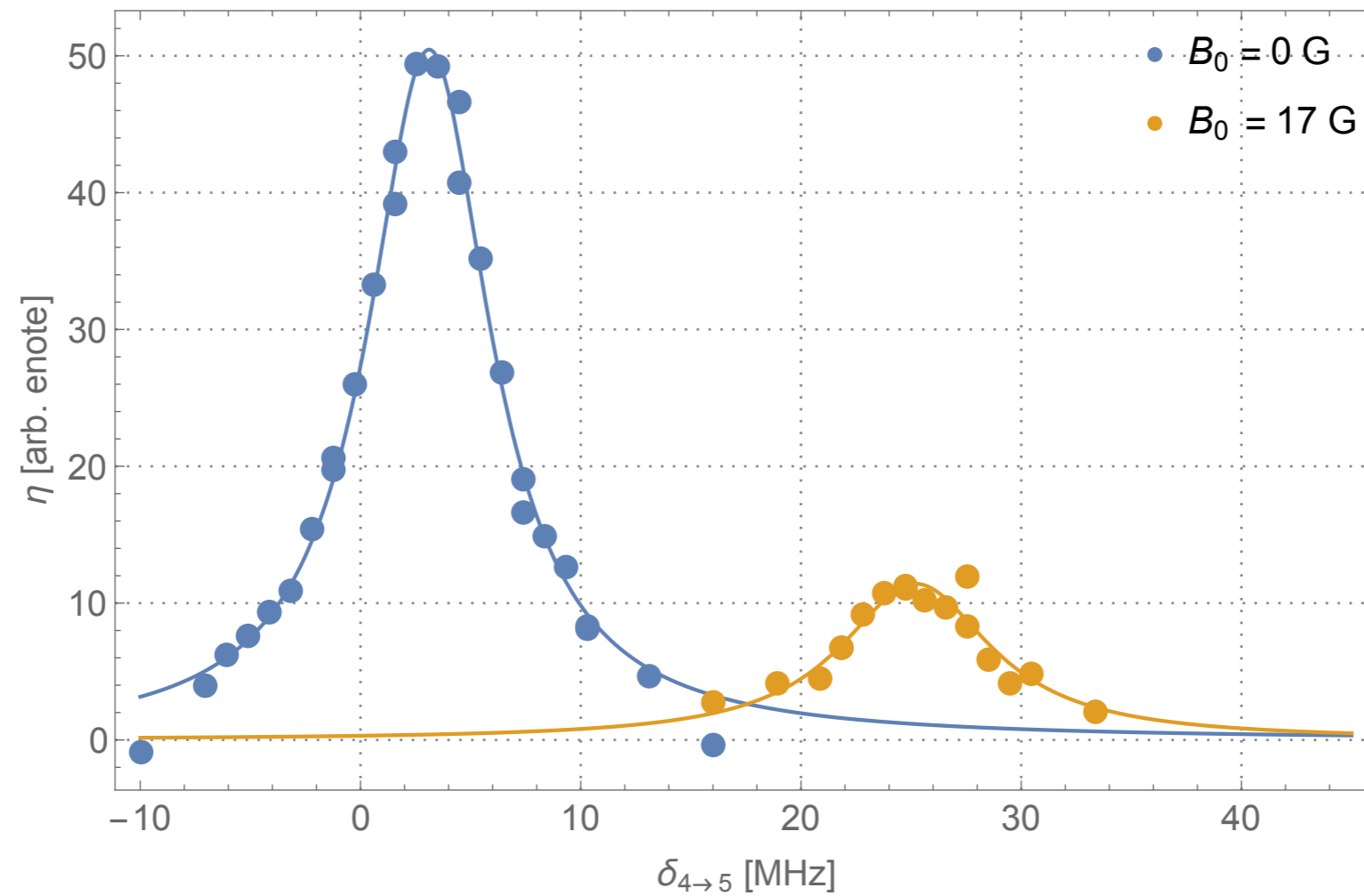
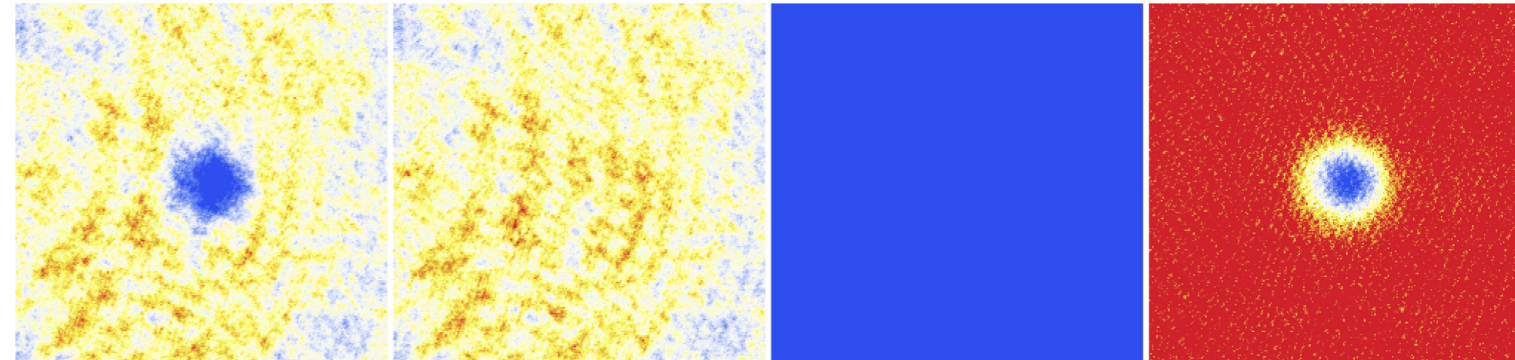
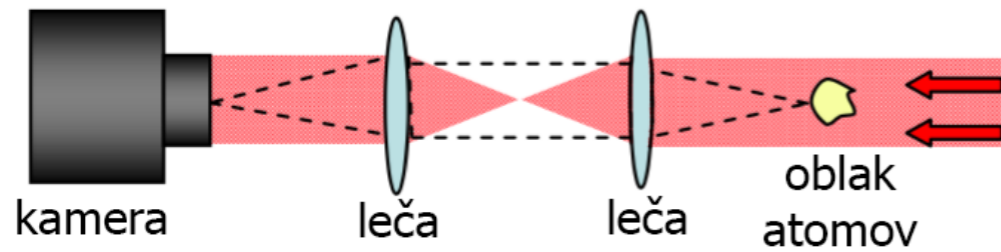
- Peter Jeglič
  - Erik Zupanič
  - Rok Žitko
  - Jaka Pišljar
  - Jure Brence
  - Žiga Gosar
  - Maj Škerjanc
  - Rok Venturini
- Nekdanji študentje:
    - Nejc Janša
    - Pavel Kos
    - Nejc Rosenstein
    - Gregor Bensa

**Hvala za pozornost**

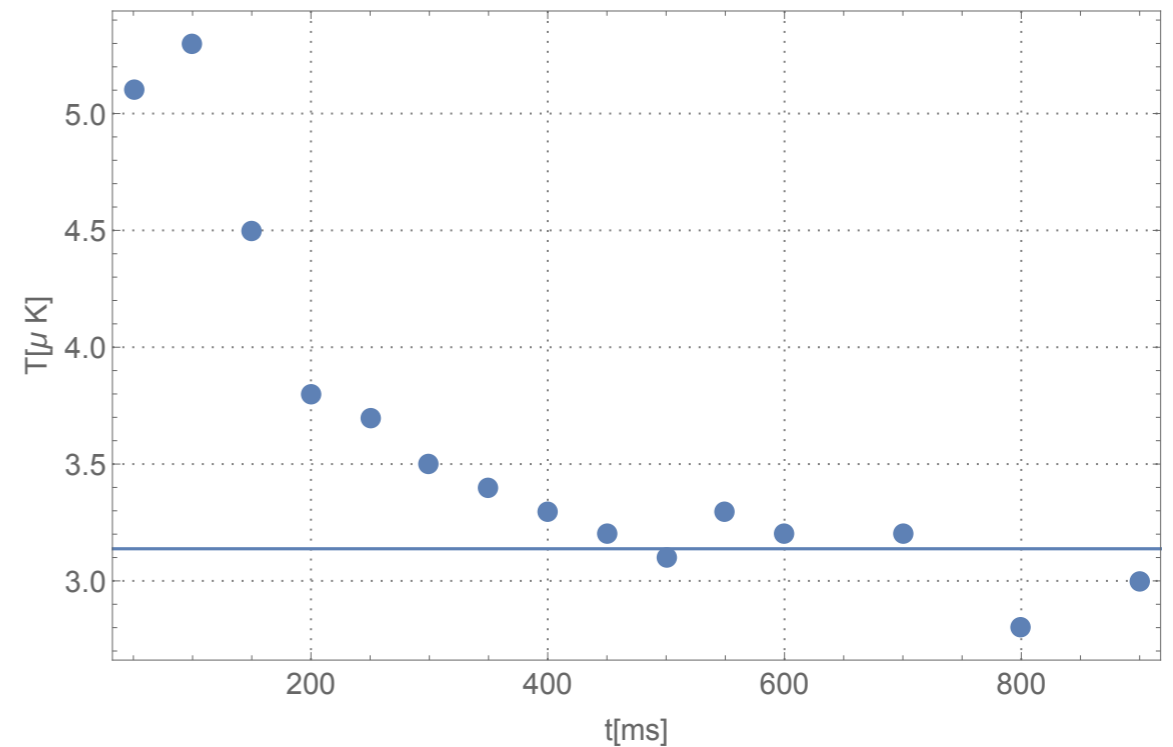
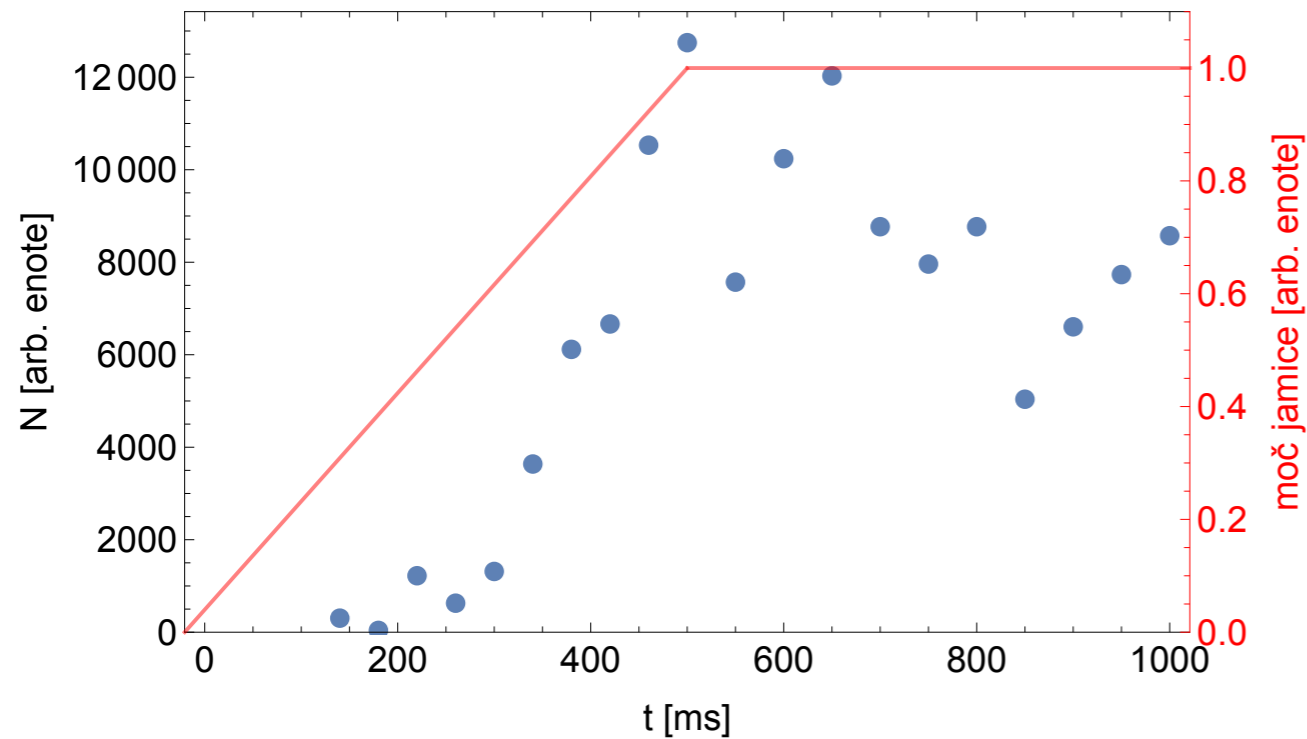
Newport  
RS 4000™  
Sealed Hole Table Top with Tuned Damping  
U.S. Patents 6,651,008 6,283,006 6,027,000 5,154,903



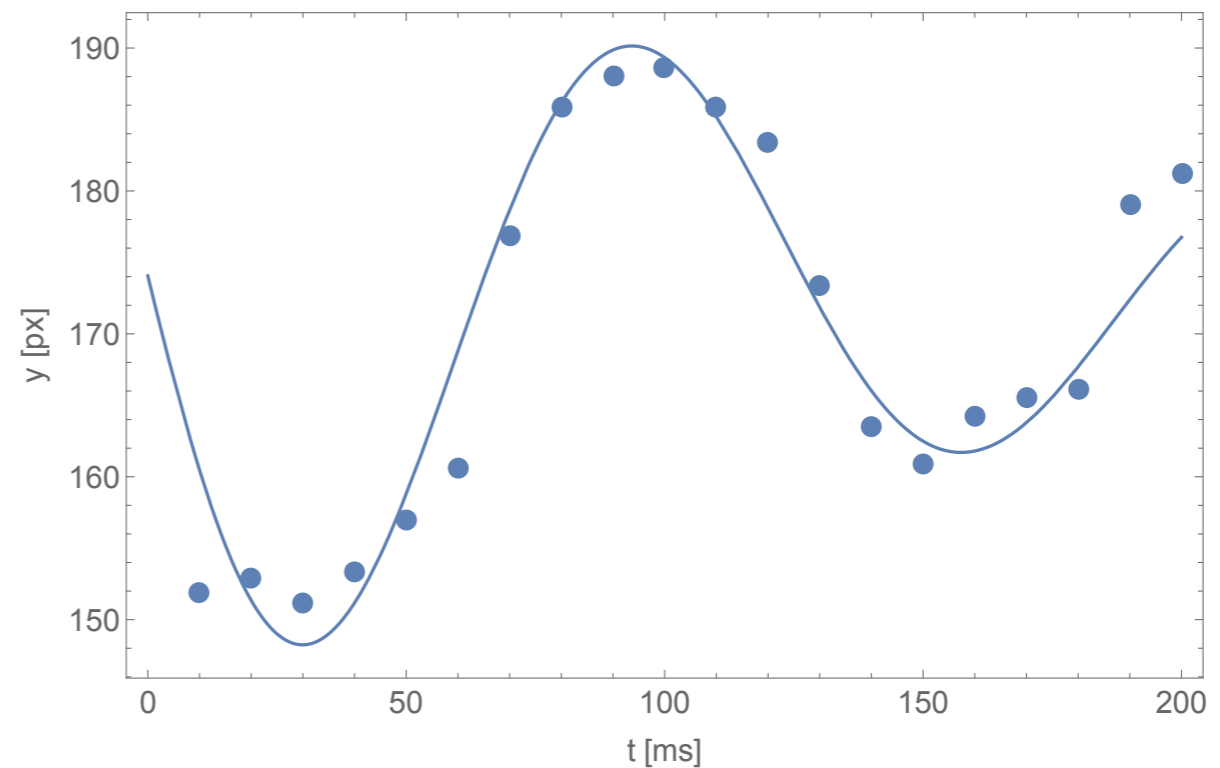
# Slikanje



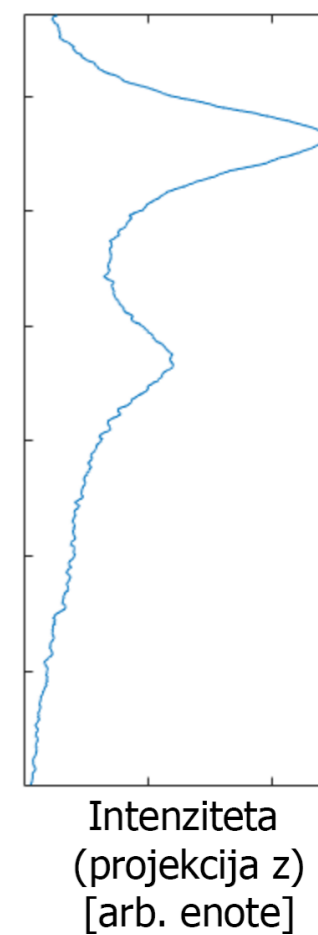
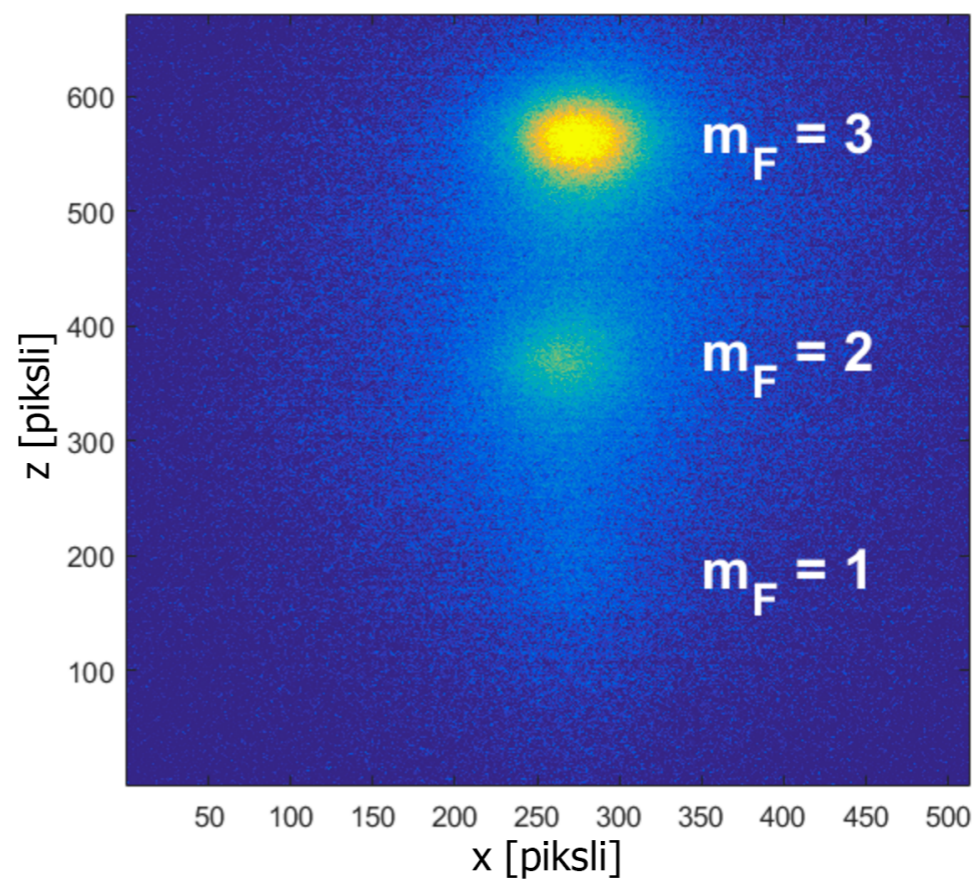
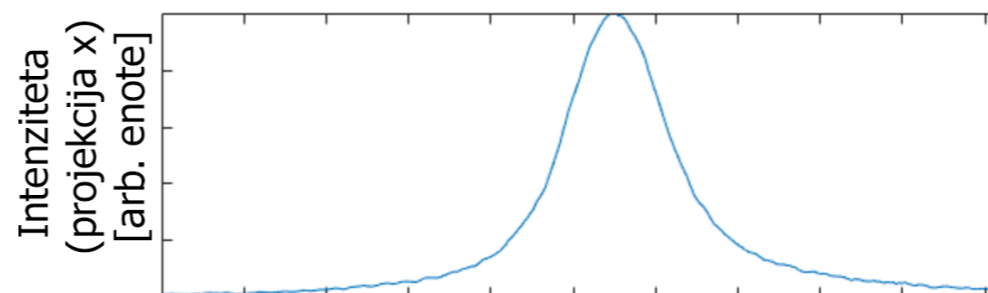
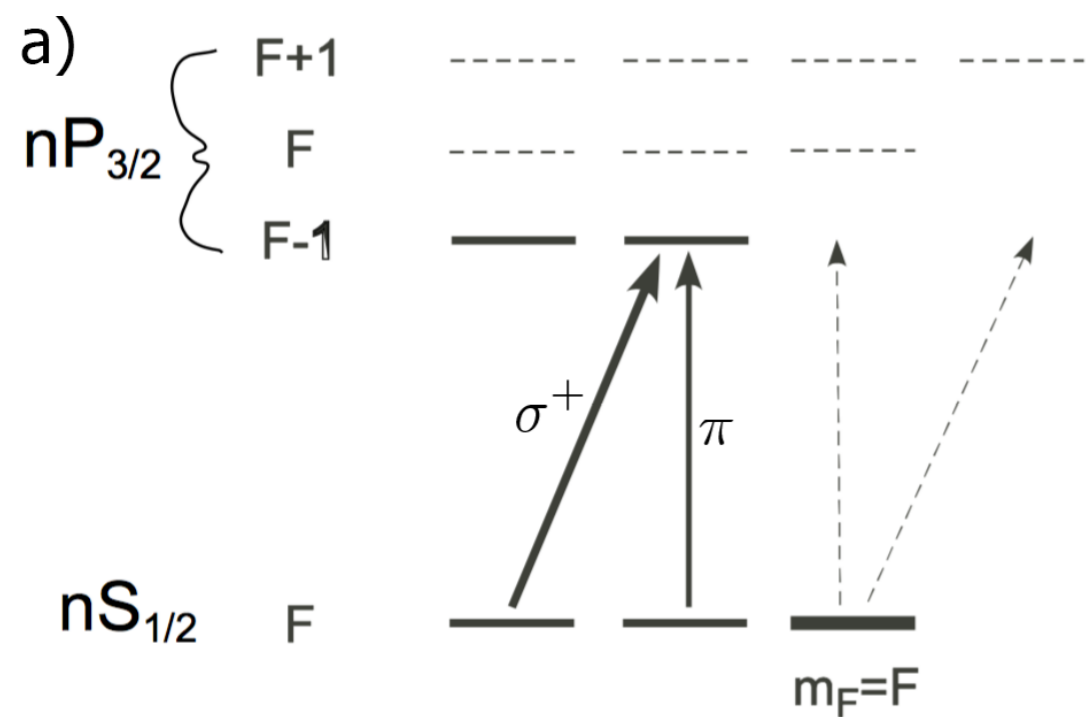
# Polnjenje in termalizacija jamice



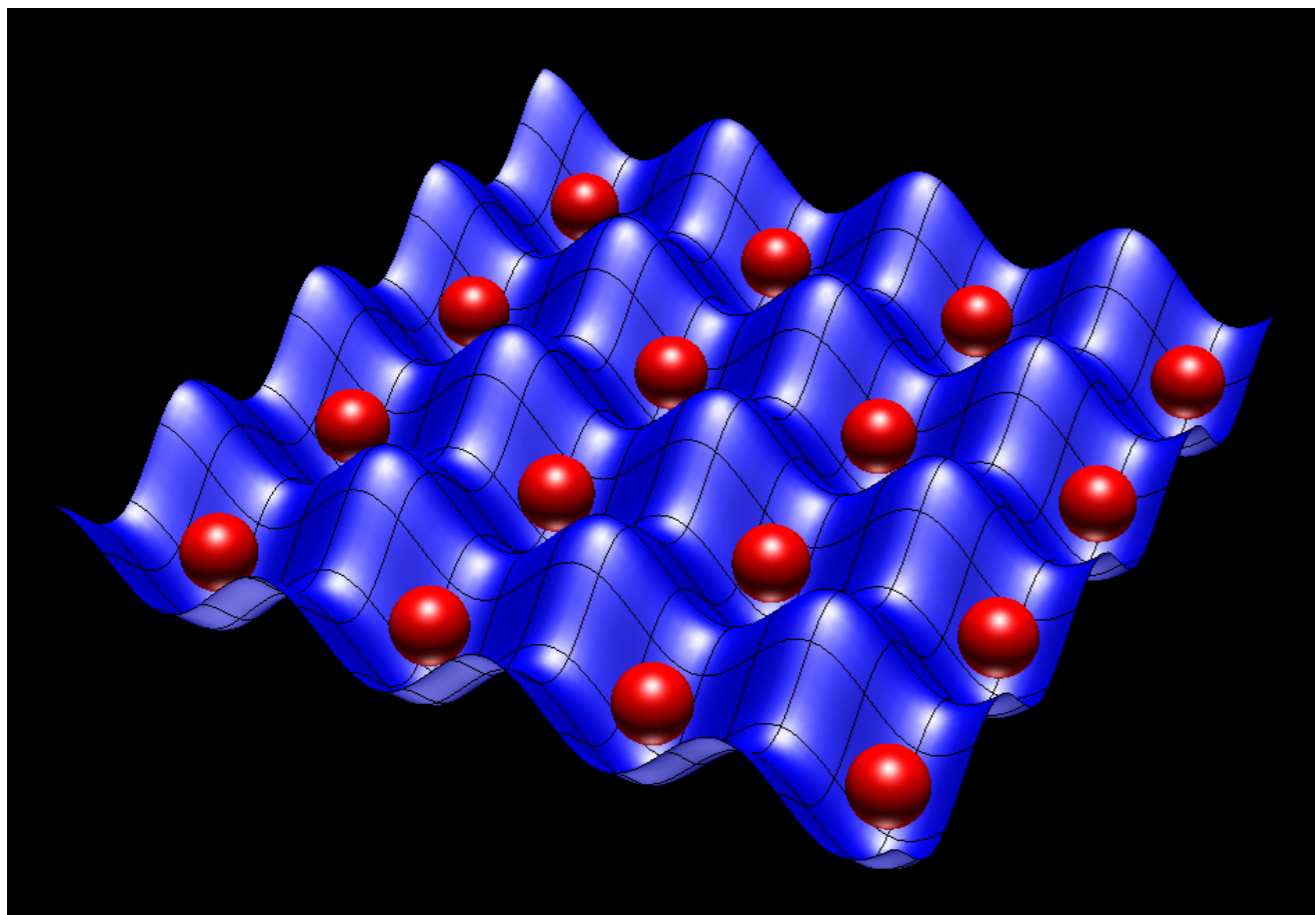
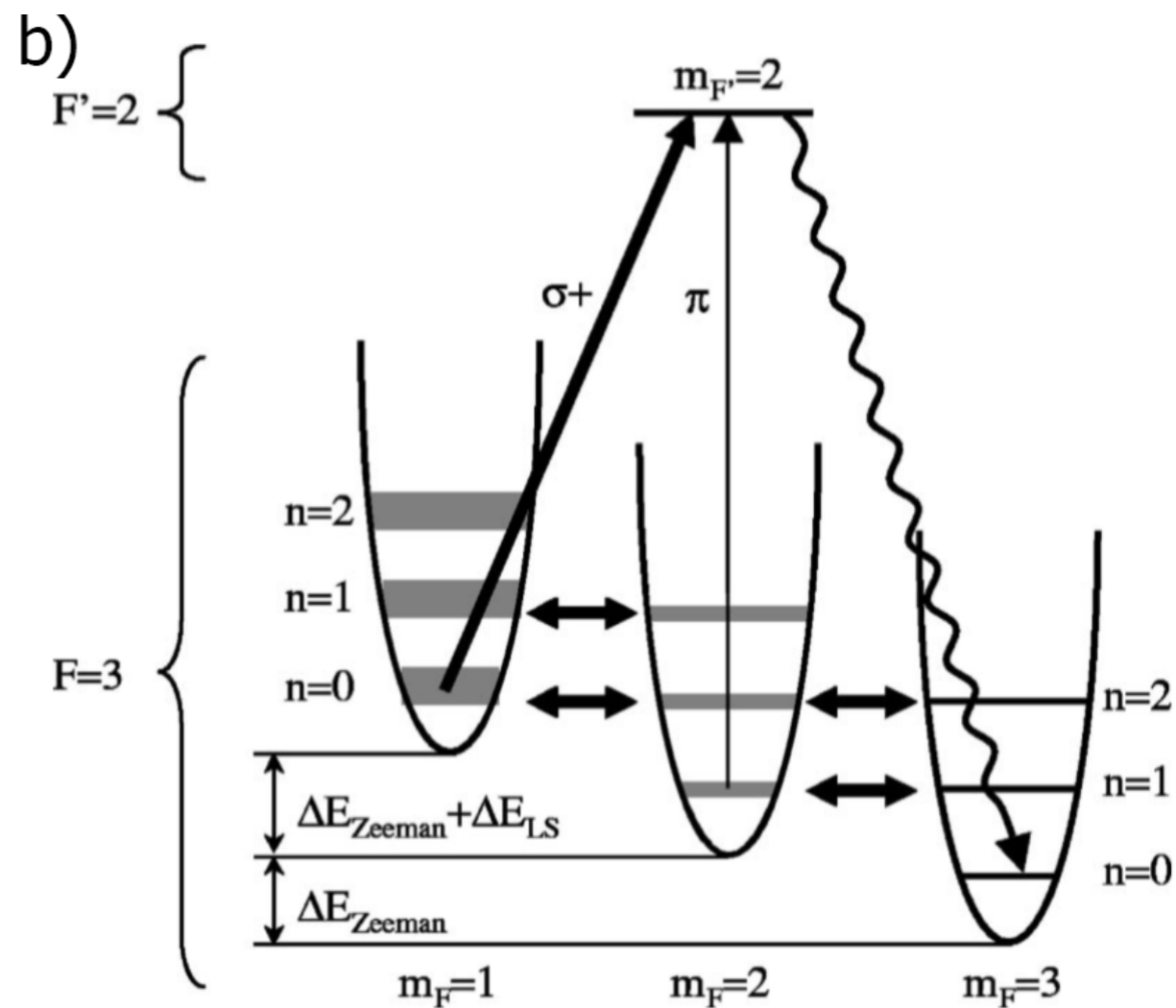
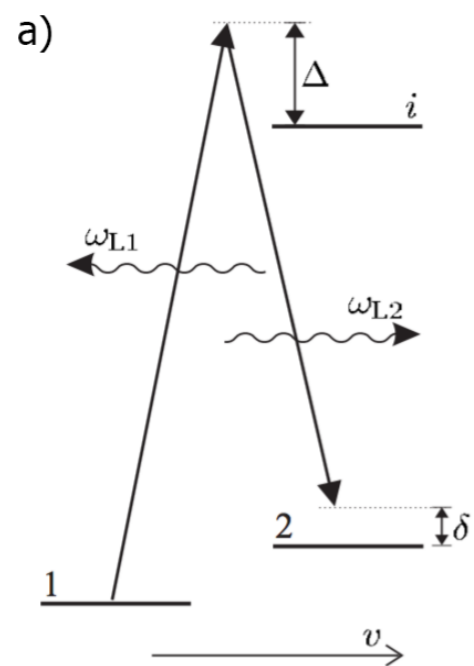
Oscilacije v  
dipolni pasti



# Polarizator

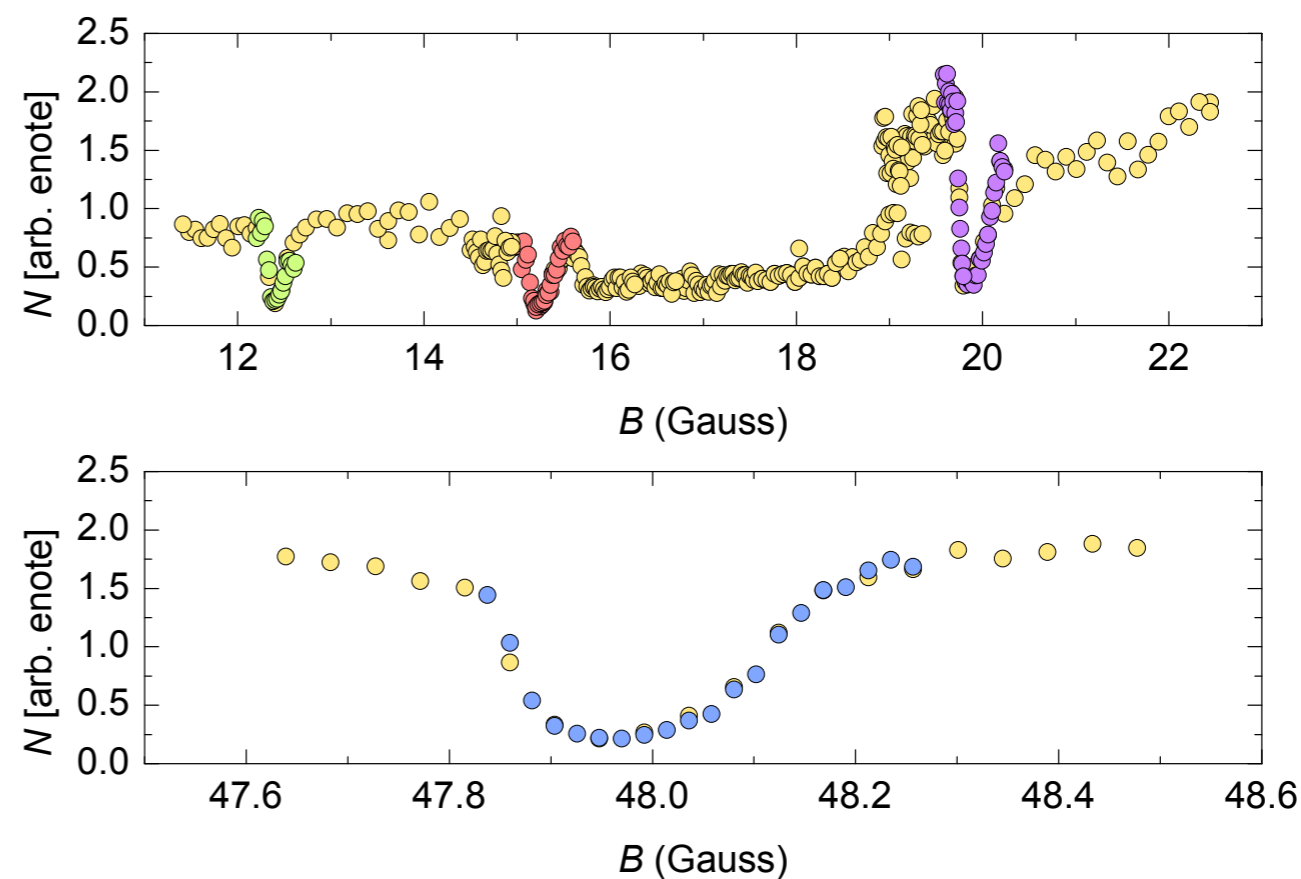
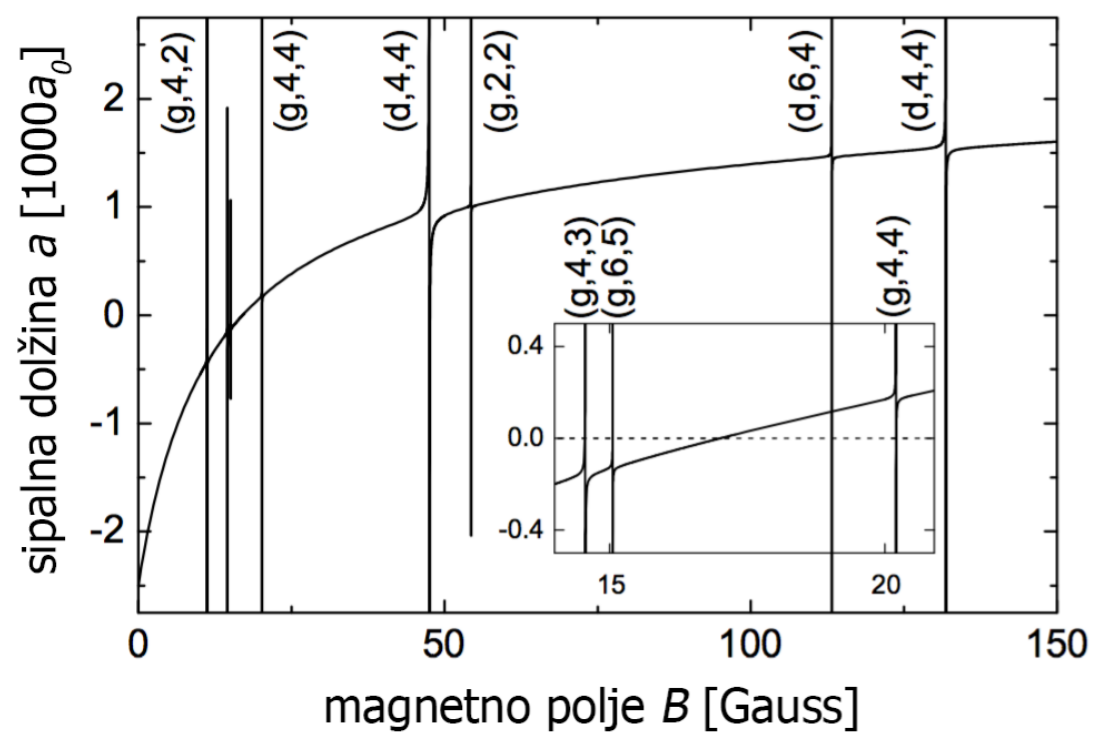
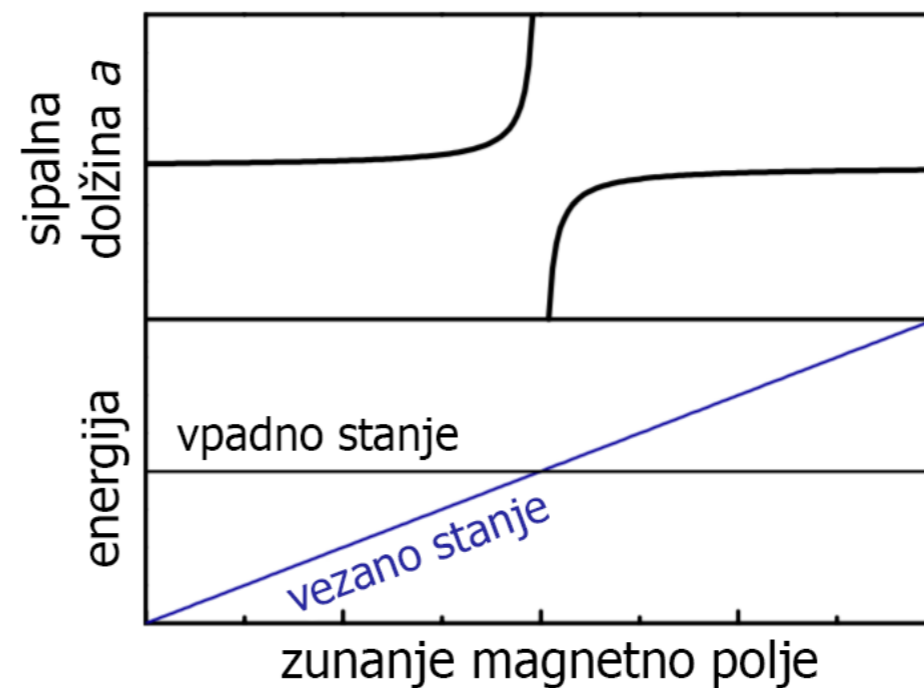
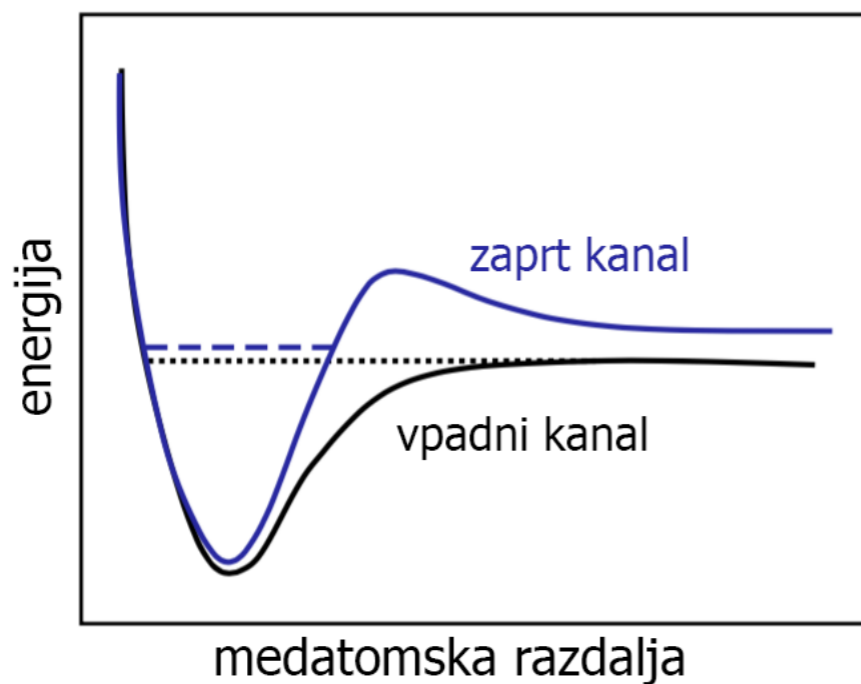


# Degenerirano ramansko hlajenje



G. Di Domenico *et al.*, Phys. Rev. A **69**, 063403 (2004).

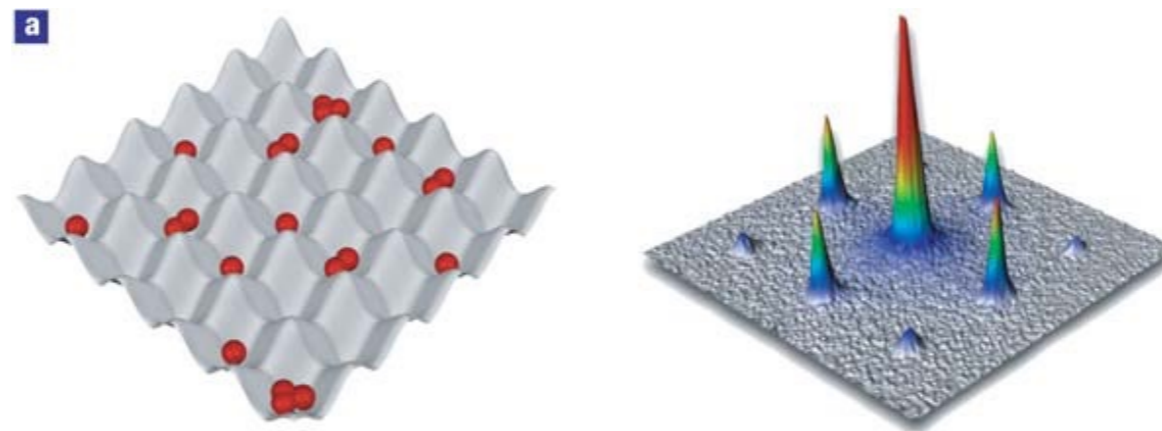
# Tridelčne izgube



# Superfluid - Mottv izolator

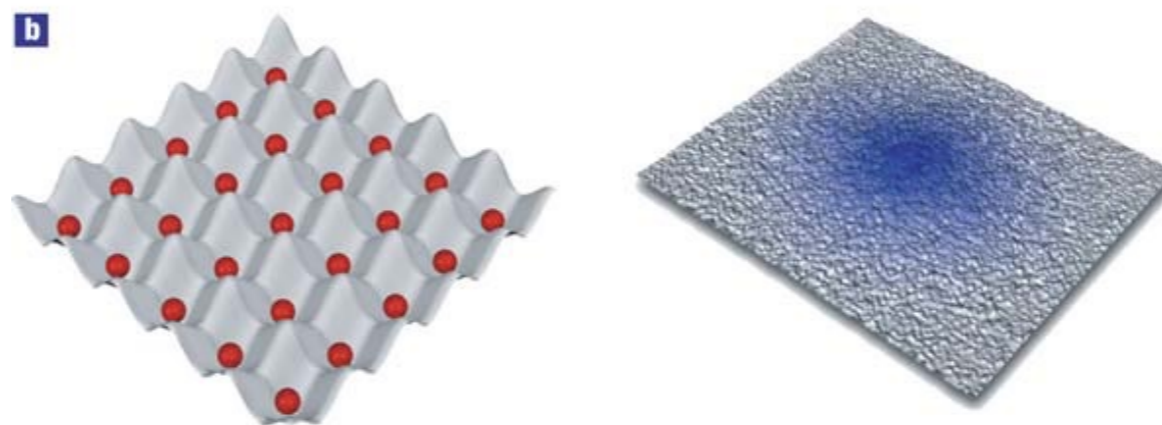
Bose-Hubbard: 
$$H = -t \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \hat{a}_i^\dagger \hat{a}_j + \frac{U}{2} \sum_i \hat{n}_i (\hat{n}_i - 1)$$

$t/U \gg 1$



Superfluid

$t/U \ll 1$



Mott

# Enačbe

Sipalna sila: 
$$F_{sip} = \hbar k \frac{\Gamma}{2} \frac{I/I_{sat}}{1 + I/I_{sat} + 4\delta^2/\Gamma^2} \quad I_{sat}(\omega) = \frac{\hbar\omega A_{21}}{2\sigma(\omega)}$$

Dipolna past: 
$$U_{dip}(\mathbf{r}) = -\frac{3\pi c^2 \Gamma}{2\omega_0^3} \left( \frac{1}{\omega_0 - \omega} + \frac{1}{\omega_0 + \omega} \right) I(\mathbf{r})$$

$$\Gamma_{sc}(\mathbf{r}) = \frac{3\pi c^2 \Gamma \omega^3}{2\hbar\omega_0^6} \left( \frac{1}{\omega_0 - \omega} + \frac{1}{\omega_0 + \omega} \right)^2 I(\mathbf{r})$$

Gaussov snop: 
$$I(\rho, z) = \frac{2P}{\pi w^2(z)} e^{-\frac{2\rho^2}{w^2(z)}}, \quad \text{kjer je } w(z) = w_0 \sqrt{1 + \left( \frac{z}{z_R} \right)^2}$$

Faznoprostorska gostota: 
$$D = n\lambda_{dB}^3 = \frac{N_{at}}{V} \left( \frac{h^2}{2\pi m_C k_b T} \right)^{3/2}$$

$$D = N \left( \frac{\hbar\bar{\omega}}{k_b T} \right)^3$$

# Enačbe

Št. atomov (fluor):  $N_{fluor} = \eta_q \frac{r_1^2}{4f_1^2} \frac{\Gamma}{2} t_{exp}$

Absorpcijsko slikanje:  $T(x, y) = \frac{I_0(x, y) - I_D(x, y)}{I_B(x, y) - I_D(x, y)} = e^{-\sigma\eta(x, y)}$

$$N_{at} = \int \eta(x, y) dx dy = \sum_{x, y} l^2 \eta(x, y)$$

$$\eta(x, y) = \eta_0 e^{-x^2/w_x^2} e^{-y^2/w_y^2}$$

$$N_{fit} = \pi l^2 w_x w_y \eta_0$$



# Enačbe

Magnetna levitacija:  $U_g = m_{Cs}gz$

$$U_{mag} = -\frac{3}{4}\mu_B B + \frac{15}{16} \frac{\mu_B^2}{\Delta E_0} B^2$$

$$\mu(B) = \left( \frac{3}{4} - \frac{15}{8} \frac{\mu_B}{\Delta E_0} B \right) \mu_B$$

$$U_{mag}(\rho) = -\frac{3}{4}\mu_B B_0 + \frac{1}{6} \frac{m_{Cs}^2 g^2 \rho^2}{\mu_B B_0}$$